CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013



Prepared by: Union City Finance Department

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

	Page
Letter of Transmittal	i - iv
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	v
Organizational Chart	vi
List of Principal Officials	vii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4 - 13
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual – General Fund	19
Statement of Position – Proprietary Funds	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	22 and 23
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	24
Notes to Financial Statements	25 - 57
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress	58
Combining Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	61 and 62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Funds):	
Federal Seized Funds	63
Vehicle Rental Excise Tax Fund	64

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED)

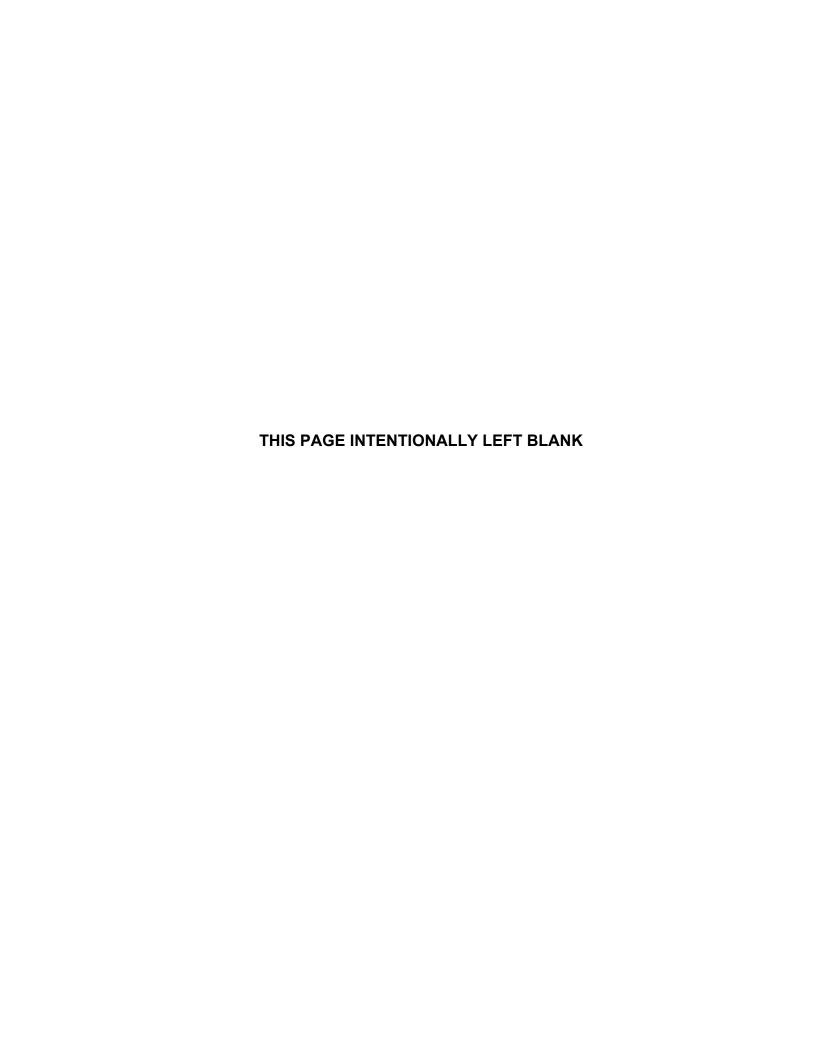
THANGAE GEOTION (GONTINGED)	
Combining Statements and Schedules: (Continued)	Page
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Special Revenue Funds): (Continued)	
Hotel/Motel Tax Fund	65
Emergency 911 Fund	66
Inmate Welfare Fund	67
Tax Allocation District Fund	68
Multiple Operating Grant Fund	69
2006 General Obligation Bond Fund	70
2010 General Obligation Bond Fund	71
2010 Certificate of Participation Fund	72
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Fund	73
Statement of Cash Flows - Component Unit	74
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Fund information:	
Net Position by Activity	
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	
Principal Property Taxpayers	
Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Legal Debt Margin Information	
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Pledged Revenue Coverage	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Principal Employers	
Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function / Program	
Operating Indicators by Function	
Capital Assets Statistics by Function	94

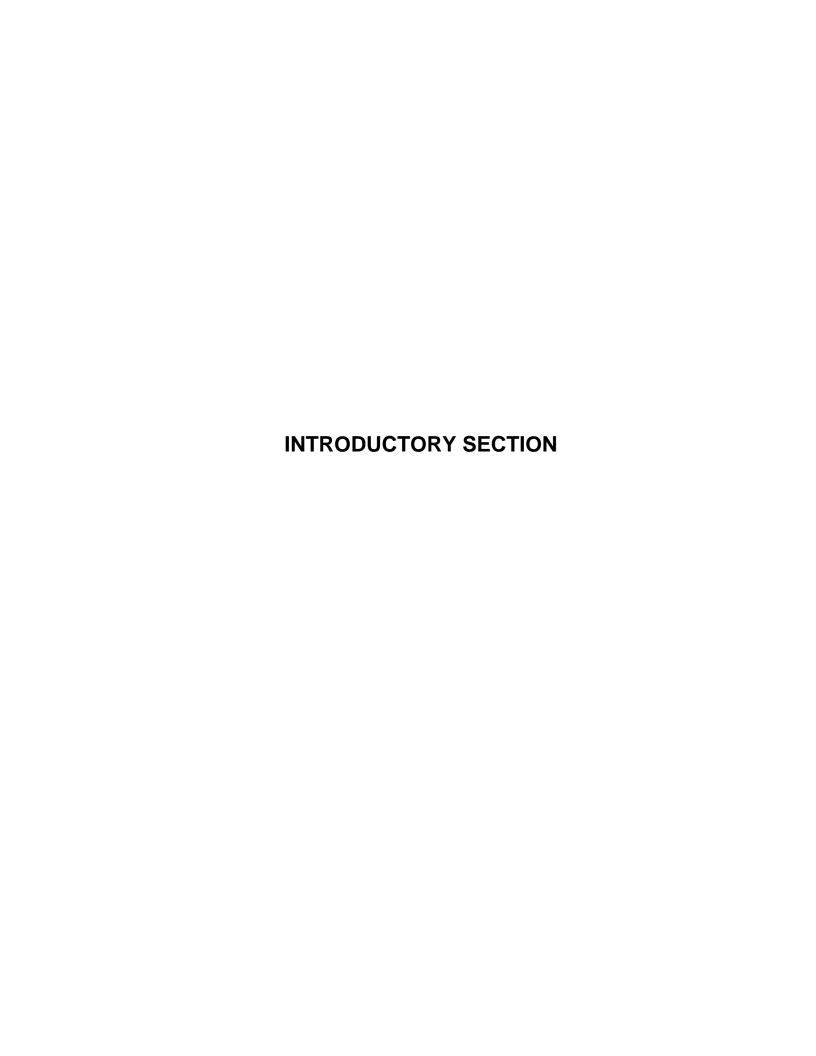
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	95 and 96
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program	
and on Internal Over Compliance Required By OMB Circular A-133	97 and 98
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	99
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	100
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	101 and 102
Schedule of Prior Year Findings	103







CITY OF UNION CITY

"The Progressive City"

5047 UNION STREET UNION CITY, GEORGIA 30291-1497 PHONE 770/964-2288 FAX 770/306-6861

February 28, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of The City of Union City, Georgia:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish for the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Union City, Georgia for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Union City, Georgia. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Union City, Georgia has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Union City, Georgia's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Union City, Georgia's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Union City, Georgia's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins, CPA, LLC, a licensed certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Union City, Georgia for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Union City, Georgia's financial statements for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2012, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Union City, Georgia's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Union City was incorporated August 17, 1908, and was named for the Farmer's Union whose national headquarters was located in the area. Since that time the City's population has grown to its current population of approximately 20,501. The City is located in North Central Georgia on Interstate 85 in South Fulton County, the largest county in the State of Georgia. Approximately 15 miles south of downtown Atlanta, Union City is only 5 miles from Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport and is part of the metropolitan statistical area as designated by the Bureau of Census; a small town America within the sphere of downtown Atlanta, home of the 1996 Olympic Games.

The City of Union City, Georgia, operates under a Mayor and Council-Chief Administrative Officer form of government. The Chief Administrative Officer is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the City Council. The City Council annually adopts a balanced budget and establishes a tax rate for the support of the City programs. The Chief Administrative Officer has the responsibility of administering these programs in accordance with policies and the annual budget adopted by the City Council.

Services provided by the City under general governmental functions include finance, human resources, information technology, police and fire protection, economic development, public services, recreation services and administrative services to the citizens. In addition, water and sewer services, solid waste collection and disposal services, and criminal justice management are provided under an Enterprise Fund concept, with user charges set by the City Council to ensure adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

Management of the City has reviewed all potential component units to determine if any should be included in these financial statements and has concluded that the South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority is a component unit that should be included in the financial statements.

The annual budget is the financial plan for the operation of the City for the ensuing annual period. The budget process provides for a professional management approach to the establishment of priorities and the implementation of work programs while providing an orderly means for control and evaluation of the financial posture of the Government. The City adopts an annual budget no later than the beginning of each fiscal year. The Chief Administrative Officer and the Finance Director are required to prepare and submit a budget to the Council for review and adoption. The budget is accompanied by a message from the Chief Administrative Officer containing a statement of general fiscal policies of the City, the important features of the budgets, explanations of the major changes recommended for the next fiscal year, a general summary of the budgets, and such other comments and information as may be deemed pertinent. The Council may approve, reject, or modify the proposed budget and shall adopt the final budget by ordinance no later than August 31. Upon recommendation of the Chief Administrative Officer and approval of the Mayor and Council, the City may make interfund or interdepartmental transfers in the current operating or capital improvements budgets at any regular or special meeting called for such purpose, provided funds are available. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund, Debt Service Funds, and Special Revenue Funds. Capital Projects Funds have legal budgets adopted on a total project basis rather than an annual basis. Annual operating budgets are prepared for each Enterprise Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes.

The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Increases in the total appropriations of a fund, whether accomplished through an increase in estimated revenues or through a transfer of appropriations among funds, require the recommendation of the Chief Administrative Officer and approval of the Mayor and Council. Appropriations lapse at year-end except those for capital projects which are accounted for in future periods as "fund balance reserved for construction" until the appropriation is expended or the project completed.

Final budget amounts included on all budget comparisons in this report are as amended as of August 31, 2011, by the Mayor and Council.

Financial Position and Future Prospects

Union City like most cities, has been hit hard by the recession. Due to the economy the City was placed in a difficult financial position and was forced to make tough decisions including an increase in its millage rate and reductions in staff. The City is carefully managing its budget by monitoring expenditures of funds and reviewing revenue projections. The city recently concluded negotiations regarding the allocation of Local Option Sales tax which are expected to result in additional revenues estimated at \$1.5 million.

Union City has a distinctive blend of new and established business clusters that are strategically designed to succeed. The digest reflects this diversification with 65.1% commercial; 16.9% industrial and 18.0% residential. Over 87% of businesses located in Union City are in the services or retail trade sector. This is in part due to the existence of numerous services and retail establishments located along Georgia Highway 138 & 29.

Union City has gained the attention of top businesses from around the country. Over the last years, scores of high profile companies including La Quinta, Ombudsman School, Hibbett Sports Center, and Heritage Volkswagon have become highly vested in various locations throughout the City. Development projects such as Proctor and Gamble and MAC III's Building Four are underway and projected to bring over 300 jobs to the region. With these new additions, Union City continues to maintain a solid yet distinctive blend of business clusters that are strategically designed to succeed.

Incentives such as the Tax Allocation District (TAD) proposed an 885-acrea mixed-use development that helps focus redevelopment and local infrastructure improvements on a former Mall location. The City also maintains the Opportunity Zone designation to attract businesses by promotion job tax credits up to \$3,500 per job created. Businesses are able to utilize this credit against their Georgia Income Taxes may claim excess credit against their withholding taxes. Recently, Union City received a federal designation as a Georgia Foreign Trade Zone (GFTZ) which helps businesses remain competitive, reducing processing fees, custom fees and enhancing the movement of goods in a global marketplace.

Union City's business environment is a mixture of retail, manufacturing and commercial. Currently there are nine manufacturing establishments and 18 wholesale trade outlets in addition to its historically strong retail environment. Location advantages, such as the interstate and close proximity to Hartsfield-Jackson International Airport, present Union City with an opportunity distinct to South Fulton County. These resources have enabled the City to capture development, both commercial and residential.

Federal and State Grants

The City is has made a significant investment in applying for federal and state awards which use Federal and State dollars to benefit its citizens. In fiscal 2013, Union City received grants used for additional police equipment, personnel, street paving and resurfacing. The City has additional grants of \$2.2 million which will be exercised in future years for infrastructure improvements.

Awards & Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Union City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal period ended August 31, 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We are pleased to present the City's twelfth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), and submit the same to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) for consideration in the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting program. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the program's requirements.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

LaSonja Fillingame City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

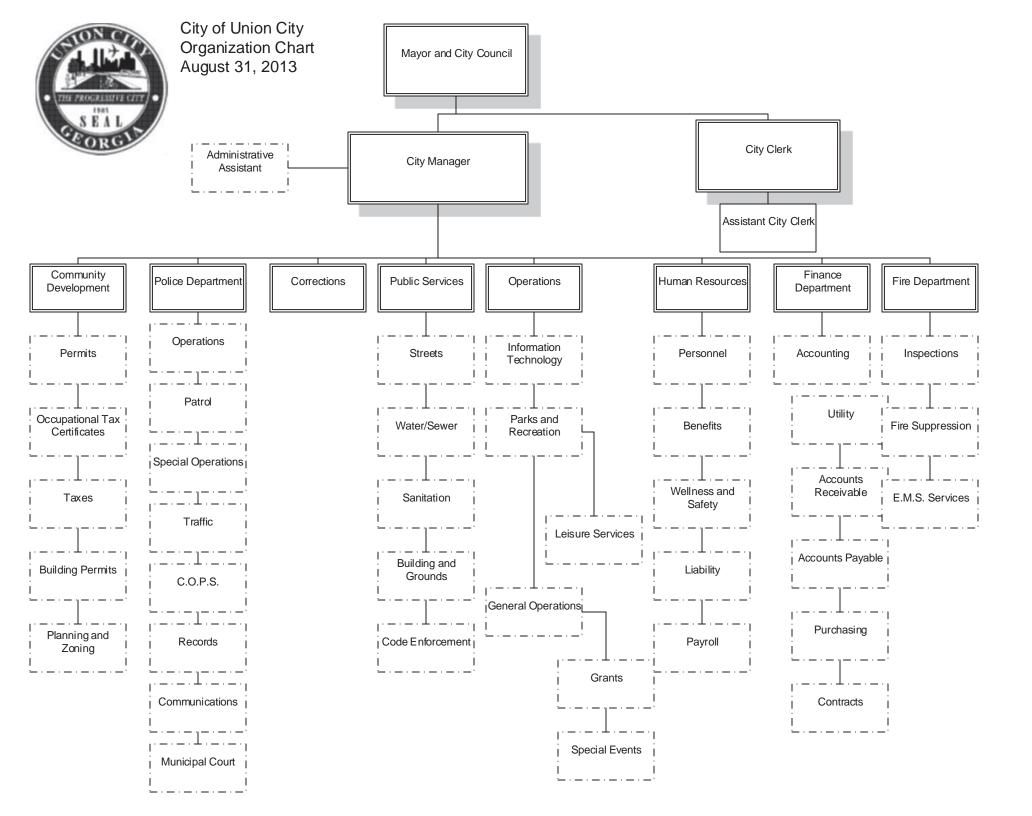
Presented to

City of Union City Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

August 31, 2012

Executive Director/CEO



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AUGUST 31, 2013

Elected Officials

Vince Williams, Mayor

City Council
Brian K. Jones
Angelette Mealing
Joyce Robinson
Shayla Nealy

Appointed Officials

<u>City Manger</u> La Sonja Filligame

<u>City Clerk</u> Jacqueline Cossey

Chief of Police Charles Odom

Chief of Fire Administration

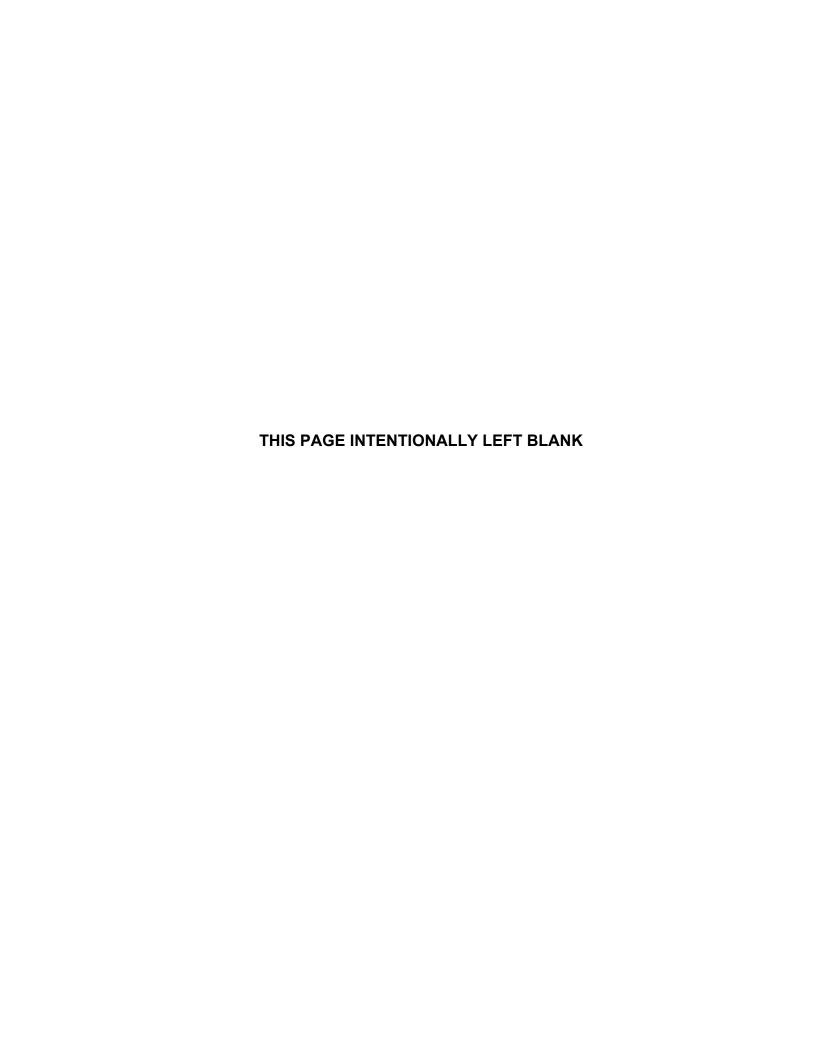
Don Leasher

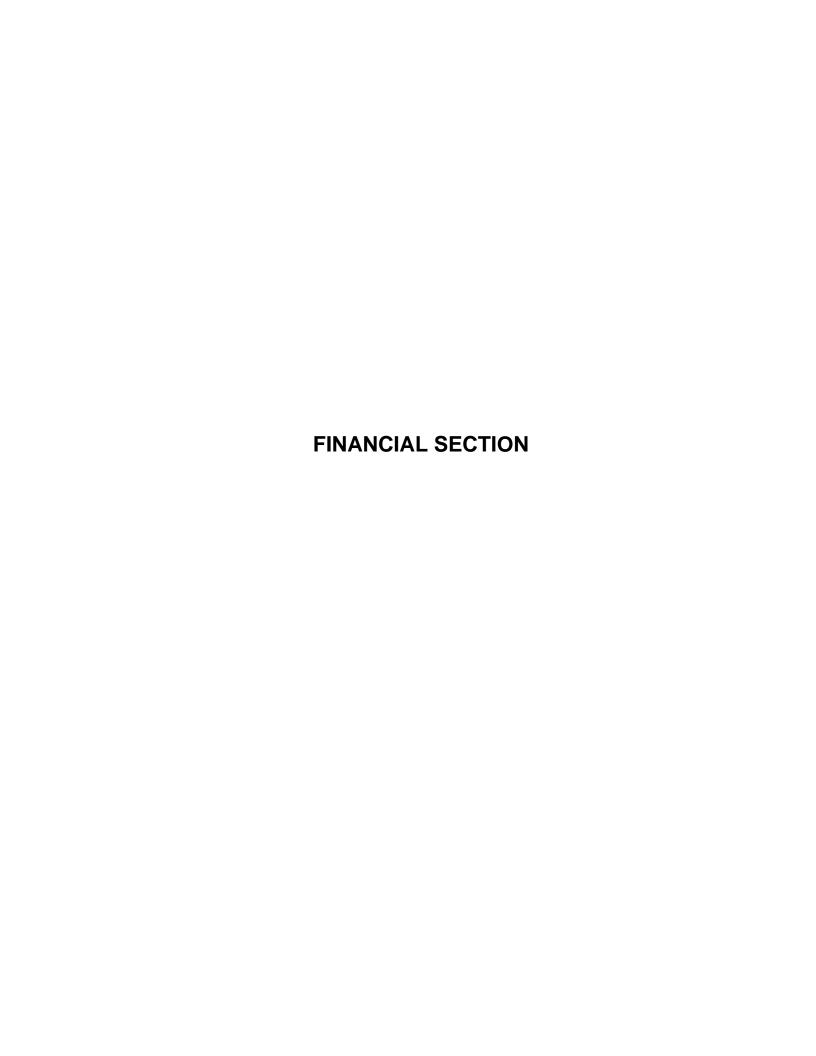
Director of Public Services Cedric Clark

<u>Director of Community Development</u> Vacant

Directors

Comptroller Tarsha Calloway







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Union City, Georgia

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Union City, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Union City, Georgia, as of August 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, as well as Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, as of September 1, 2012. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 through 13) and the Schedule of Funding Progress (on page 58) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-21, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the introductory section and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

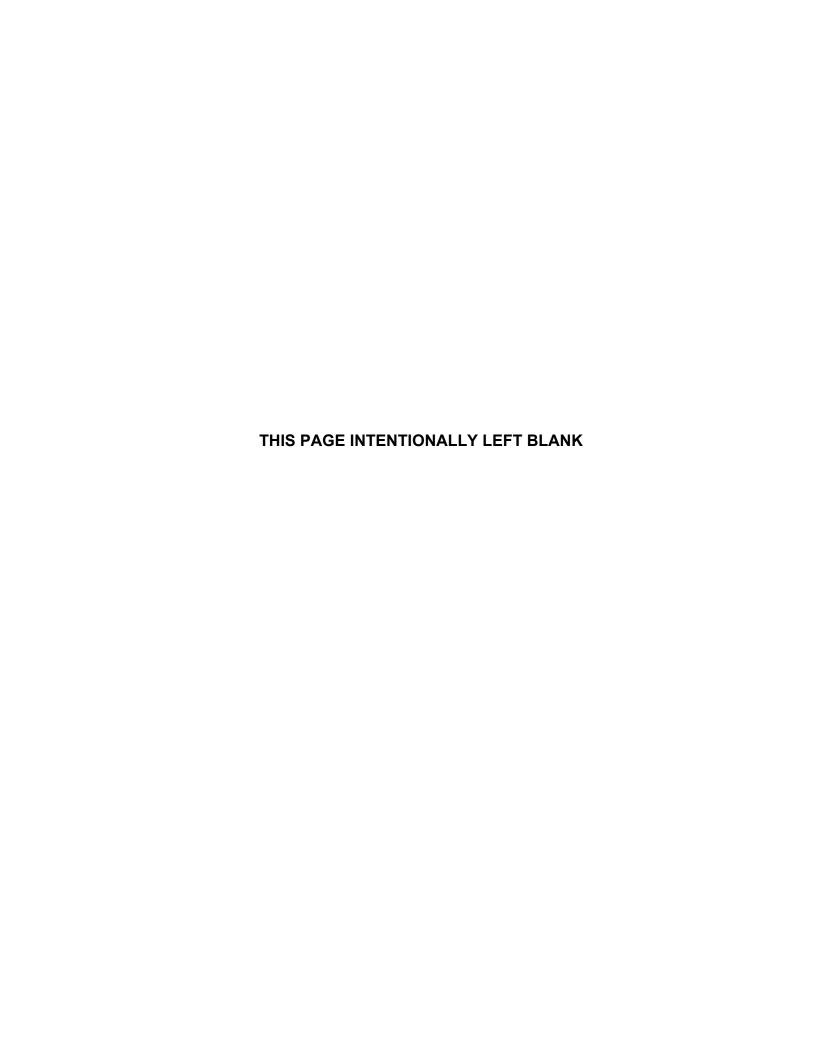
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 28, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Union City, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance *with Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Union City, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

.

Macon, Georgia February 28, 2014



CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Union City, we offer readers of the City of Union City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Union City for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2013 are as follows:

- The assets of the City of Union City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$15,954,533 (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$370,739 or 2.38%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Union City's governmental activities reported combined ending net position of \$3,678,711 a decrease of (\$1,366,682) from the prior year.
- The City, through its Criminal Justice Management Fund, provided management and operating personnel for the South Fulton Regional Jail. Effective, June 2013, all jail management and operating activities were terminated and the facility is currently being leased to Fulton County, Georgia on a month-to-month basis.
- The City began charging citizens and businesses for stormwater usage. As a result, a separate enterprise fund
 for these activities was created and stormwater assets included in governmental activities were transferred to this
 fund.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to those financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. All governmental and business-type activities are consolidated to arrive at a total for the Primary Government. There are two government-wide statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, which are described below.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. It is important to note that this statement consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term) with capital assets and long-term liabilities.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, community services, recreation, and economic development.

The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, sanitation, and criminal justice management.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority. This is a legally separate entity that is a component unit of the City due to the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the City. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The City's government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 and 15.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the city as a whole. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations. The City's fund financial statements are divided into three broad categories, namely, (1) governmental funds, (2) proprietary funds, and (3) debt service funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted to cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and buildings. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's total assets and total liabilities is labeled as the fund balance, and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the year.

For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements; however, because different accounting bases are used to prepare fund financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis at the bottom of the balance sheet that reconciles the total fund balances to the amount of net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis at the bottom of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

The City presents in separate columns funds that are most significant to the City (major funds) and all other governmental funds are aggregated and reported in a single column (non-major funds). The City's governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 16 - 19.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary fund financial statements consist of a statement of net position, statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position and statement of cash flows, and are prepared on an accounting basis that is similar to the basis used to prepare the government-wide financial statements. For financial reporting purposes, proprietary funds are grouped into Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds.

The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for business-type activities that charge fees to customers for the use of specific goods or services. For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in the City's Enterprise Funds are also reported in the business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements.

The City presents in separate columns Enterprise Funds that are most significant to the City and all other Enterprise Funds are aggregated and reported in a single column. A statement of cash flows is presented at the fund financial statement level for proprietary funds, but no equivalent statement is presented in the government-wide financial statements for either governmental activities or business-type activities.

The City's proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 20 - 23.

Overview of the City's Financial Position and Operations

The City's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized as follows based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements (see pages 14 and 15):

City of Union City's Net Position August 31, 2013

		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Total			
		2013		2012		2013		2012	2013			2012	
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	\$	5,534,648 16,383,368 21,918,016	\$	9,868,637 17,273,535 27,142,172	\$	6,490,030 18,165,059 24,655,089	\$	11,832,521 11,319,847 23,152,368	\$	12,024,678 34,548,427 46,573,105	\$	21,701,158 28,593,382 50,294,540	
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities		3,633,272		5,725,354		1,660,799		1,414,577		5,294,071		7,139,931	
outstanding		14,606,033		16,371,425		10,718,468		11,199,390		25,324,501		27,570,815	
Total liabilities		18,239,305		22,096,779		12,379,267		12,613,967		30,618,572		34,710,746	
Net position: Net investment in													
capital assets		2,046,237		2,363,313		10,385,111		9,993,975		12,431,348		12,357,288	
Restricted		1,734,932		1,478,182		925,910		-		2,660,842		1,478,182	
Unrestricted	_	(102,458)		1,203,898		964,801		544,426		862,343		1,748,324	
Total net position	\$	3,678,711	\$	5,045,393	\$	12,275,822	\$	10,538,401	\$	15,954,533	\$	15,583,794	

Financial Position

The total net position of the City increased by \$370,739 or 2.38%, from \$15,583,794 to \$15,954,533 as noted in the table above. The governmental activities net position decreased by (\$1,366,682), or (27.09%) while the business-type activities net position increased \$1,737,421 or 16.49%.

City of Union City's Changes in Net Position August 31, 2013

	Governmen	tal Activities		Business-ty	ре А	ctivities		To		
-	2013	2012		2013		2012		2013		2012
Revenues:										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	3,363,884	\$ 3,450,264	\$	9,733,232	\$	10,664,099	\$	13,097,116	\$	14,114,363
Operating grants and										
contributions	501,184	778,084		1,696,094		-		2,197,278		778,084
Capital grants and										
contributions	270,551	461,879		-		-		270,551		461,879
General revenues:										
Property taxes	5,619,122	5,608,053		-		-		5,619,122		5,608,053
Sales taxes	3,015,388	3,010,345		=		=		3,015,388		3,010,345
Franchise taxes	1,158,518	1,206,596		=		=		1,158,518		1,206,596
Other taxes	1,330,272	1,241,644		-		-		1,330,272		1,241,644
Unrestricted investment										
earnings _	5,954	15,999		5,320		22,330		11,274		38,329
Total revenues	15,264,873	15,772,864		11,434,646		10,686,429		26,699,519		26,459,293
Expenses:										
General government	2,470,084	2,211,266		_		_		2,470,084		2,211,266
Judicial	452,295	468,800		_		_		452,295		468,800
Public safety	9,865,376	10,193,857		_		-		9,865,376		10,193,857
Public works	1,766,343	2,818,491		_		-		1,766,343		2,818,491
Parks and recreation	495,841	447,059		-		-		495,841		447,059
Economic development	832,622	815,159		-		-		832,622		815,159
Interest on long-term debt	591,502	666,233		-		-		591,502		666,233
Water & Sewer	-	-		6,690,719		6,651,946		6,690,719		6,651,946
Sanitation	-	-		736,123		763,164		736,123		763,164
Stormwater	-	-		55,470		-		55,470		-
Criminal Justice										
Management	-	-		2,372,405		3,387,775		2,372,405		3,387,775
Total expenses	16,474,063	17,620,865		9,854,717		10,802,885		26,328,780		28,423,750
Decrease in net position										
before transfers	(1,209,190)	(1,848,001)		1,579,929		(116,456)		370,739		(1,964,457)
_	(, ==, ==,			,,-		(-,,				(, , - ,
Transfers	(157,492)	439,000		157,492		(439,000)				
Change in net position	(1,366,682)	(1,409,001)		1,737,421		(555,456)		370,739		(1,964,457)
J p	(:,,-3-)	(1,122,301)		, ,		(,)		2.2,.30		(, :, :3.)
Net position, beginning				40						
of year, as restated	5,045,393	6,454,394	_	10,538,401	_	11,093,857	_	15,583,794	_	17,548,251
Net position, end of year	3,678,711	\$ 5,045,393	\$	12,275,822	\$	10,538,401	\$	15,954,533	\$	15,583,794

Governmental Activities

As noted in the table on the preceding page, governmental revenues decreased \$507,991, (3.22%). The more significant decreases were operating grants and contributions which decreased \$276,900, (35.59%) due to contributions from the South Fulton Municipal Jail Authority to cover debt service costs being discontinued in 2012; capital grants and contributions decreased (\$191,328), (41.42%) as a result of 2012 revenues including a property insurance settlement not available in 2013.

Expenditures for governmental activities expenses decreased (\$1,146,802) or (6.51%). The largest decrease was in public works expenses which decreased (\$1,052,148) or (37.33%) as the City is nearing completion of street improvement projects related to the 2006 general obligation bond issue. Public Safety expenses decreased (\$328,481) or (3.22%) due to vacancies in public safety positions.

Business-Type Activities

Net position for business type activities increased \$1,737,421 or 16.49%. The Water and Sewer fund reported a decrease in net position of (\$608,992); the Criminal Justice Management Fund had an increase in net position of \$990,998; the Stormwater fund had an increase net position of \$1,549,991; and the Sanitation fund had a decrease in net position of (\$194,576).

The Water and Sewer fund had net operating income of \$1,625,583; \$1,793,264; and \$729,814 for 2013; 2012 and 2011, respectively. The improvement in operating income beginning in 2012 is attributable to a 12.5% increase in rates. The Water and Sewer fund continues to bear non-operating expenses for obligations under an intergovernmental agreement with the South Fulton Regional Water Authority to fund the repayment of construction bonds for alternative water and sewer resources. These obligations were \$1,435,381; \$1,386,372; and \$1,129,932 for 2013; 2012 and 2011, respectively. (See Note 14, page 54). In July 2013, the City paid the Fulton County Water Authority \$6,374,613 for additional capacity at the Camp Creek Water Reclamation Facility. These costs were capitalized and are reflected as depreciable assets.

The Criminal Justice Management fund had net operating losses of (\$705,096); (\$214,878); and (\$428,380) for 2013; 2012 and 2011, respectively. The jail facility's largest customer, the Fulton County Sheriff's Department, decided to relocate their inmates to other facilities in 2010 and, although Fulton County had begun using the facility again in 2012, has not committed enough inmates to reach breakeven levels. As a result, the General Fund of the City was required to loan \$1,421,367 and \$1,424,454 in 2012 and 2011 to meet debt obligations of the Jail Authority. These loans were repaid to the General Fund in October 2012 from the proceeds of debt refinancing for the Jail Authority. The Jail Authority also transferred \$1,696,094 in 2013 from the debt refinancing to cure accumulated deficits in this fund. As a result of continuing losses in the fund, the City and the South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority elected to discontinue jail operations. Beginning August 2013, the jail facility is being leased to the Fulton County Sheriff's department on a monthly basis.

The City manages the billing and collection of revenues for its Sanitation customers, and outsources the collection and disposal of garbage to a private vendor for both residential and commercial customers. The City's goal in the process is to, at a minimum, break even and attempt to maintain a level retained earnings balance in order to refrain from having to transfer funds into the Sanitation activities from other sources. This is a service that the City provides to its residents which aides residents further by controlling and maintaining the lowest cost for these services, as opposed to allowing a private vendor to take over the entire process and expose residents to garbage fees that could be inflated for profit reasons. The Sanitation Fund had net income before transfers of \$68,424; \$19,927; and \$52,152 for 2013; 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Union City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund Balance

The City's combined fund balances as of the end of the current year for governmental funds, presented on page 16, were \$2,847,440. This balance represents a decrease of (\$1,882,008) or (39.79%) from last year's ending balance. The tables below reflect changes in governmental fund balances.

City of Union City's Governmental Fund Balance August 31, 2013

	 2013	 2012	 \$ Change	% Change		
General Fund	\$ 954,196	\$ 1,848,391	\$ (894,195)	(48.38) %		
Other Governmental Funds	1,893,244	2,881,057	(987,813)	(34.29)		
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 2,847,440	\$ 4,729,448	\$ (1,882,008)	(39.79)		

As noted in the table on the following page, excess of expenditures over revenues prior to other financing sources (uses) in the Governmental Funds was (\$2,655,008) as compared to (\$3,023,652) in the prior year. Governmental revenues decreased (\$439,457) or (2.79%). Licenses and permits increased \$192,799 or (13.39%) as the local economy improves. Fines and forfeitures decreased (\$269,781) or (19.21%) due to personnel vacancies in the police department. Other revenue decreased (\$362,293) or (75.63%) as transfers from the South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority to cover debt service expenses was discontinued in 2012.

Governmental expenditures decreased (\$808,101) or (4.31%). Public safety expenses decreased (\$449,490) or (4.65%) as a result of personnel vacancies in the police and fire departments. Public works expenses decreased (\$183,235) or (11.64%) as a result of austerity measures taken by management. Capital outlay decreased (\$182,986) or (11.61%) as general obligation bond proceeds are depleted.

City of Union City's Changes in Governmental Fund Balance August 31, 2013

Devenues		2013		2012		\$ Change	% Change
Revenues	φ	E 650 062	Φ	E E71 260	\$	70.602	4 42 0/
Property taxes Other taxes	\$	5,650,963 4,345,660	\$	5,571,360 4,251,989	Ф	79,603 93,671	1.43 % 2.20
Charges for services		471,330		4,231,969		(8,282)	(1.73)
Licenses and permits		1,632,620		1,439,821		192,799	13.39
Intergovernmental		759,641		873,332		(113,691)	(13.02)
Franchise fees		1,158,518		1,206,596		(48,078)	(3.98)
Fines and forfeitures		1,134,879		1,404,660		(269,781)	(19.21)
Interest revenue		5,954		15,999		(10,045)	(62.79)
Rental income		20,425		13,785		6,640	48.17
Other revenue		116,724		479,017		(362,293)	(75.63)
Total revenues		15,296,714		15,736,171		(439,457)	(2.79)
Total revenues		13,230,714		10,700,171		(400,407)	(2.73)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		2,050,824		2,137,715		(86,891)	(4.06)
Judicial		360,126		377,543		(17,417)	(4.61)
Public safety		9,224,427		9,673,917		(449,490)	(4.65)
Public works		1,390,823		1,574,058		(183,235)	(11.64)
Parks and recreation		368,894		338,913		29,981	8.85
Planning and economic development		817,605		796,900		20,705	2.60
Capital outlay		1,393,579		1,576,565		(182,986)	(11.61)
Debt service							
Principal (net of refunding)		1,728,241		1,623,662		104,579	6.44
Interest		617,203		660,550		(43,347)	(6.56)
Total expenditures		17,951,722		18,759,823		(808,101)	(4.31)
Deficiency of revenues		_		_		_	
under expenditures		(2,655,008)		(3,023,652)		368,644	(12.19)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from capital lease		_		160,043		(160,043)	
Net transfers		773,000		439,000		334,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	773,000		599,043		173,957	
Total other intalled godices (uses)		770,000		000,040		170,007	
Net change in fund balance	\$	(1,882,008)	\$	(2,424,609)	\$	542,601	(22.38) %

The City of Union City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Union City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budgets passed by the City Council anticipated using (\$898,281) of general fund reserves to meet expenses.

A comparison of the final budgetary figures and the actual budgetary figures for revenues are located on page 19.

- For the General Fund, the actual revenues were (\$974,834) lower than the final budget. Revenues were budgeted at \$14,912,430 and actual revenues were \$13,937,596, a variance of (\$974,834) or (6.5%) of the final budget. The City experienced significant shortfalls in several areas. Other taxes were (\$512,134) lower than budgeted primarily as a result of delays in reaching an allocation settlement with Fulton County for Local Option Sales Taxes (LOST). Fines and forfeitures were (\$307,121) less than budgeted as a result of fewer police officers available for patrol.
- Actual expenditures of \$13,533,591 were \$587,916 less than the budgeted amount of \$14,121,507 as management implemented additional austerity measures as a result of revenue shortfalls noted above.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City has invested \$34,548,427 in capital assets (net of depreciation). Capital assets held by the City at the end of the current and previous year are summarized below:

City of Union City's Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation August 31, 2013

		Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business -type Activities					Total			
		2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012	
Land	\$	691,851	\$	666,549	\$	493,194	\$	493,194	\$	1,185,045	\$	1,159,743	
Construction in progress		547,600		470,889		-		-		547,600		470,889	
Buildings, grounds													
and improvements		7,036,579		7,044,212		10,425,201		10,796,489		17,461,780		17,840,701	
Machinery and equipment		441,662		328,013		-		1,879		441,662		329,892	
Infrastructure		6,191,634		7,118,135		893,192		-		7,084,826		7,118,135	
Intangibles		-		-		6,339,198		-		6,339,198		-	
Vehicles		1,474,042		1,645,737		14,274		28,285		1,488,316		1,674,022	
Total	\$	16,383,368	\$	17,273,535	\$	18,165,059	\$	11,319,847	\$	34,548,427	\$	28,593,382	
	_		_		_		_		_		_		

The detailed schedule capital assets are reported in Note 5, on page 40 of the financial statements.

Total capital asset additions for 2013 were \$7,956,596 compared to \$1,005,355 in 2012. The largest addition relates to the purchase of rights for additional wastewater capacity at the Camp Creek Water Reclamation Facility which is owned by Fulton County, Georgia.

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current year, the City had long term debt related to governmental activities of \$14,211,961 and \$10,840,000 for business type activities. In 2012, the City issued Water and Sewer revenue bonds of \$11,275,000 for operations and renewal and extension activities. All debt is 100% backed by the full faith and credit of the government. Governmental debt is secured by property tax revenue sources and Water and Sewer bonds are secured by related revenues.

The Citizens of Union City approved the 2006 Bond Referendum in March of 2006 for \$12,575,000 which required an increase in the property tax millage rate from 7.5 mills to 9.5 mills. The additional property tax revenue collected from the increase in the millage rate will be used to repay the 2006 Series Bonds. Moody's Investors Service has assigned a rating of "A2" on the 2012 Water and Sewer bonds.

The debt position of the City is summarized below and is more fully analyzed in Note 6 beginning on page 43 of the financial statements.

City of Union City's Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities August 31, 2013

	Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business -type Activities					Total			
	2013		2012		2013		2012		2013		2012	
General obligation bonds backed by												
property taxes	\$ 13,125,000	\$	14,200,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,125,000	\$	14,200,000	
Revenue bonds	-		=		10,840,000		11,275,000		10,840,000		11,275,000	
Note payable	38,464		111,897		-		-		38,464		111,897	
Capital lease	1,048,497		1,628,305		-		-		1,048,497		1,628,305	
	\$ 14,211,961	\$	15,940,202	\$	10,840,000	\$	11,275,000	\$	25,051,961	\$	27,215,202	

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Union City along with most other municipalities in the Clayton County and southern Fulton County area has been hit extremely hard by the housing depression caused by sub-prime lending practices. As a result, expected services and revenues will be revised as economic conditions dictate. Millage rates for property taxes were increased by the City Council to 15.598 mills for fiscal year 2014.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City's Finance Department (770) 964-2288, City Hall, 5047 Union Street, Union City, Georgia 30291.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2013

		Component Unit						
ASSETS	Governmental Activities		Business-typ Activities		Total Primary Government		South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,293	3.211	\$ 826,321	\$	5,119,532	\$	249,139	
Investments	+ -,=	4,363	288,558	*	382,921	Ψ	- 10,100	
Taxes receivable		2,506	200,000		252,506		_	
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		1.722	1.230.099		1,241,821		45,145	
Internal balances		1,470	(191,470		1,241,021			
Due from other governments		1,925	(101,470	,	371,925		_	
Due from others		2,751	_		122,751		_	
Inventory		2,731 6,710	- 21,871		48,581		-	
Prepaid expenses		9,990	21,071		169,990		33,699	
Restricted assets:	108	9,990	-		109,990		33,099	
			4 204 522		4 204 F22			
Cash and cash equivalents Investments		-	4,204,532		4,204,532		-	
		-	110,119		110,119		-	
Capital assets:	4.000	3 454	400 404		4 700 045		200 200	
Nondepreciable	1,239		493,194		1,732,645		286,986	
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	15,143		17,671,865		32,815,782		8,205,876	
Total assets	21,918	3,016	24,655,089		46,573,105		8,820,845	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	2,157	7,228	862,946		3,020,174		300	
Accrued liabilities	501	1,991	83,968		585,959		162,130	
Unearned revenues	3′	1,411	-		31,411		-	
Due to other governments	43	3,611	-		43,611		=	
Customer deposits payable		-	713,885		713,885		-	
Other noncurrent liability - pension	899	9,031	-		899,031		-	
Capital leases due within one year	58′	1,953	-		581,953		_	
Capital leases due in more than one year	466	5,544	-		466,544		-	
Note payable due within one year	38	3,464	-		38,464		-	
Bonds payable due within one year	1,145	5,000	440,000		1,585,000		295,000	
Bonds payable due in more than one year	12,105	•	10,253,485		22,358,655		13,055,000	
Claims payable due within one year	,	5,293	-,,		6,293		-,,	
Compensated absences due within one year		2,609	24,983		287,592		_	
Total liabilities	18,239		12,379,267		30,618,572		13,512,430	
NET POSITION								
	2.046	2 227	10 205 111		10 101 010		1 710 060	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	2,046	5,237	10,385,111		12,431,348		1,712,862	
	4 4 6	2 422			140 422			
Law enforcement		3,433	-		148,433		-	
Economic development		2,193	005.010		62,193		_	
Debt service		9,864	925,910		1,245,774		=	
Capital outlay	•	4,442	-		1,204,442		(0.404.4:=	
Unrestricted		2,458)	964,801		862,343	Φ.	(6,404,447	
Total net position	\$ 3,678	3,711	\$ 12,275,822		15,954,533	\$	(4,691,585	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

		Program Revenues					Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position							
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Powernmental Activities	Bus	y Governme siness-type Activities	ent	Total	Sou M R	oonent Unit ith Fulton unicipal egional Authority	
Primary government:														
Governmental activities:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•		•		• (==	•		•	(== 1 == 1)	•		
General government	\$ 2,470,084	\$ 1,745,430	\$	-	\$ -	\$, , , , ,	\$	-	\$	(724,654)	\$	-	
Judicial	452,295	130,030		-	-		(322,265)		-		(322,265)		-	
Public safety	9,865,376	1,413,518		501,184			(7,950,674)		-		(7,950,674)		-	
Public works	1,766,343	-		-	270,551		(1,495,792)		-		(1,495,792)		-	
Parks and recreation	495,841	66,116		-	-		(429,725)		-		(429,725)		-	
Planning and economic development	832,622	8,790		-	-		(823,832)		-		(823,832)		-	
Interest on long-term debt	591,502						(591,502)				(591,502)			
Total governmental activities	16,474,063	3,363,884		501,184	270,551		(12,338,444)			((12,338,444)			
Business-type activities:														
Water and sewerage	6,690,719	6,511,407		_	-		-		(179,312)		(179,312)		_	
Sanitation	736,123	804,547		_	-		-		68,424		68,424		_	
Criminal justice management	2,372,405	1,677,753		1,696,094	-		-		1,001,442		1,001,442		_	
Stormwater	55,470	739,525		-	-		_		684,055		684,055		_	
Total business-type activities	9,854,717	9,733,232		1,696,094					1,574,609	-	1,574,609			
Total primary government	\$ 26,328,780	\$ 13,097,116	\$	2,197,278	\$ 270,551		(12,338,444)		1,574,609		(10,763,835)		-	
Component unito:														
Component units: South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority	₾	Ф 4 600 040	¢.		c								(2.02E.467)	
Total component units	\$ 5,453,185 \$ 5,453,185	\$ 1,628,018 \$ 1,628,018	<u>\$</u> \$	-	\$ - \$ -		<u>-</u>						(3,825,167) (3,825,167)	
rotal component units	φ 5,455,165	φ 1,020,010	Φ		Ф -		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>		-		(3,623,107)	
	General revenue	es:												
	Property taxes	;					5,619,122		-		5,619,122		-	
	Sales taxes						3,015,388		-		3,015,388		-	
	Insurance prei	mium tax					969,300		-		969,300		-	
	Alcoholic beve	erage taxes					19,393		-		19,393		-	
	Other taxes	•					341,579		-		341,579		-	
	Franchise taxe	es					1,158,518		-		1,158,518		-	
	Unrestricted in	vestment earnings	3				5,954		5,320		11,274		2,039	
	Transfers	ū					(157,492)		157,492		-		· -	
	Total genera	al revenues and tra	ansfer	s		_	10,971,762		162,812		11,134,574		2,039	
	Change ir	net position				_	(1,366,682)		1,737,421		370,739		(3,823,128)	
		ginning of year, as	restat	ted			5,045,393		10,538,401		15,583,794		(868,457)	
	Net position, end					9	3,678,711	\$	12,275,822	\$	15,954,533	\$	(4,691,585)	
	•	•				=		_					<u>· · · /</u>	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2013

ASSETS		General	G	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Totals evernmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,238,774	\$	2,054,437	\$	4,293,211
Investments		94,363		-		94,363
Taxes receivable, net		216,177		36,329		252,506
Accounts receivable, net		-		11,722		11,722
Due from other governments Due from others		264,818 122,751		107,107		371,925 122,751
Inventory		26,710		_		26,710
Due from other funds		246,640		_		246,640
Prepaid expenditures		169,990		_		169,990
Advances to other funds		98,183		_		98,183
Total assets	\$	3,478,406	\$	2,209,595	\$	5,688,001
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,052,265	\$	104,963	\$	2,157,228
Accrued liabilities		267,356		14,424		281,780
Unearned revenue		31,411		-		31,411
Due to others		=		43,611		43,611
Due to other funds		2 251 022		153,353		153,353
Total liabilities		2,351,032		316,351		2,667,383
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		173,178		-		173,178
Total deferred inflow of resources		173,178		- [173,178
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		26,710		-		26,710
Prepaid expenditures		169,990		-		169,990
Advances to other funds		98,183		=		98,183
Restricted for:						
Law enforcement		-		148,433		148,433
Economic development		-		62,193		62,193
Other capital projects		-		1,204,442		1,204,442
Debt service		-		319,864		319,864
Assigned to:				405.004		405.004
Public safety - jail		659.313		195,904 (37.592)		195,904
Unassigned Total fund belonges				(-) /		621,721
Total fund balances Total liabilities and		954,196		1,893,244		2,847,440
fund balances	\$	3,478,406	\$	2,209,595		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are	differ	ent because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	there	fore, are not rep	orted	in the funds.		16,383,368
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures						173,178
Net pension obligation is not due and payable in the current period and is there	efore	not reported in g	govern	mental funds.		(899,031)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are therefore						(14,826,244)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	3,678,711

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

	General	Other Governmental Funds	Totals Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 5,650,963	\$ -	\$ 5,650,963
Other taxes	4,004,081	341,579	4,345,660
Charges for services	236,957	234,373	471,330
Licenses and permits	1,632,620	-	1,632,620
Intergovernmental	-	759,641	759,641
Franchise taxes	1,158,518	-	1,158,518
Fines and forfeitures	1,134,879	-	1,134,879
Interest revenue	5,006	948	5,954
Rental income	20,425	-	20,425
Other revenues	94,147	22,577	116,724
Total revenues	13,937,596	1,359,118	15,296,714
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	2,050,824	-	2,050,824
Judicial	360,126	-	360,126
Public safety	8,195,489	1,028,938	9,224,427
Public works	1,390,823	-	1,390,823
Parks and recreation	368,894	-	368,894
Planning and economic			
development	550,874	266,731	817,605
Capital outlay	-	1,393,579	1,393,579
Debt service:			
Principal	579,808	1,148,433	1,728,241
Interest	36,753	580,450	617,203
Total expenditures	13,533,591	4,418,131	17,951,722
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	404,005	(3,059,013)	(2,655,008)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	938,000	2,236,200	3,174,200
Transfers out	(2,236,200)	(165,000)	(2,401,200)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,298,200	2,071,200	773,000
Net change in fund balances	(894,195	(987,813)	(1,882,008)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,848,391	2,881,057	4,729,448
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 954,196	\$ 1,893,244	\$ 2,847,440

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,882,008)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(890,167)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(31,841)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	1,728,241
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (290,907)
	\$ (1,366,682)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

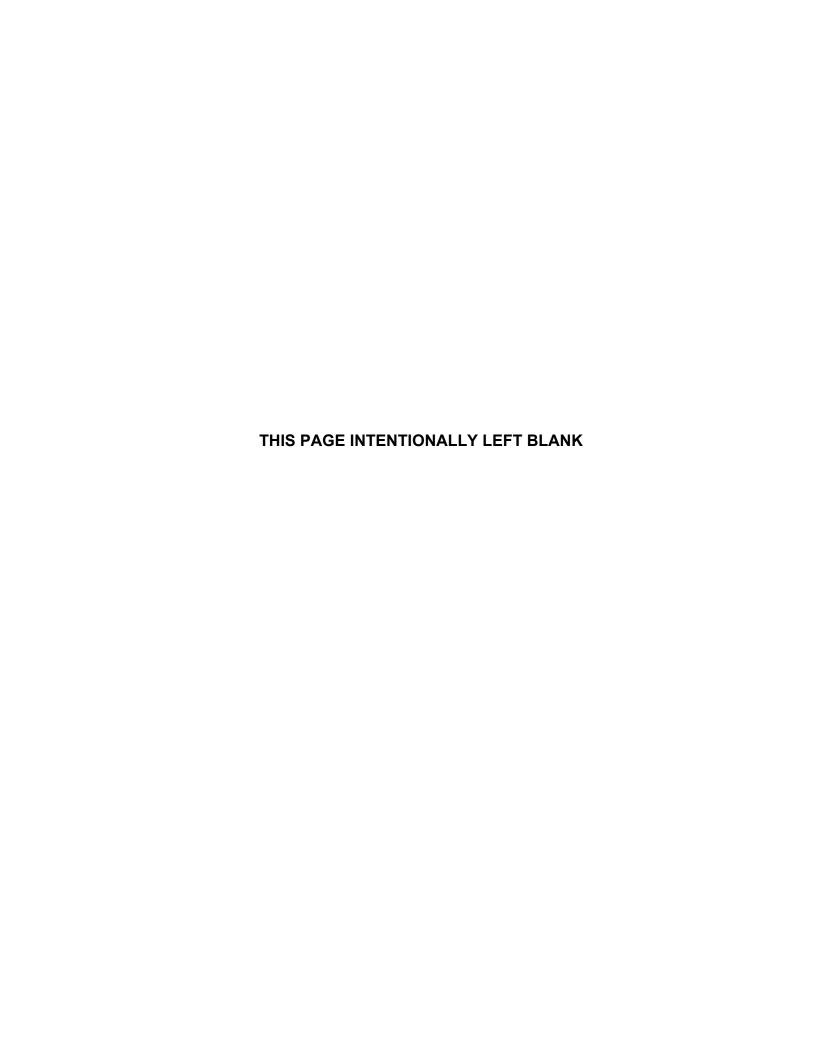
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final		
	Orig	ginal		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues:	Φ 0.		•	5 750 000	•	5 050 000	•	(404.007)
Property taxes		052,000	\$	5,752,000	\$	5,650,963	\$	(101,037)
Other taxes		178,000		4,516,215		4,004,081		(512,134)
Charges for services		254,000		257,215		236,957		(20,258)
Licenses and permits		322,000		1,642,000		1,632,620		(9,380)
Franchise taxes		263,000		1,263,000		1,158,518		(104,482)
Fines and forfeitures	1,4	442,000		1,442,000		1,134,879		(307,121)
Interest revenue		13,000		13,000		5,006		(7,994)
Rental income		16,000		16,000		20,425		4,425
Other revenues		11,000		11,000		94,147		83,147
Total revenues	16,0	051,000		14,912,430	_	13,937,596		(974,834)
Expenditures: Current:								
General government:								
City clerk		291,942		281,611		272,981		8,630
Finance	•	482,843		487,943		484,008		3,935
City administrator	;	317,251		297,702		274,689		23,013
Mayor and council		317,366		292,628		128,485		164,143
Human resources	;	391,431		366,059		302,818		63,241
Information technology	(599,887		632,034		587,843		44,191
Total general government	2,	500,720		2,357,977		2,050,824		307,153
Judicial:								
Municipal court	;	388,949		372,520		360,126		12,394
Public safety:								
Police	4,	527,138		4,468,231		4,392,620		75,611
Fire	3,9	903,136		3,891,003		3,802,869		88,134
Total public safety	8,4	430,274		8,359,234		8,195,489		163,745
Public works:								
Buildings and grounds	1,4	445,556		1,445,554		1,390,823		54,731
Total public works		445,556		1,445,554		1,390,823		54,731
Planning and economic development	-	791,940	_	596,073		550,874		45,199
Parks and recreation		434,517	_	367,054		368,894		(1,840)
Debt service		623,088		623,095		616,561		6,534
Total expenditures	14,0	615,044		14,121,507	_	13,533,591		587,916
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,	435,956		790,923		404,005		(386,918)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	9	938,000		938,000		938,000		-
Transfers out	(2,	627,204)		(2,627,204)		(2,236,200)		391,004
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,	689,204)		(1,689,204)		(1,298,200)		391,004
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2	253,248)	\$	(898,281)		(894,195)	\$	4,086
Fund balances, beginning of year					_	1,848,391		
Fund balances, end of year					\$	954,196		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2013

ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents					Nonmajor	
Name					Enterprise Fund	
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents		Sewerage	Management	Stormwater		Totals
Cash and cash equivalents	ASSETS					
Investments	CURRENT ASSETS					
Accounts receivable, net of allowances 834,839 74,600 210,499 110,161 1,23 Inventory 21,871 2 Restricted assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 297,206	\$ 25,930	\$ 446,301	\$ 56,884	\$ 826,321
Inventory 21,871 -	Investments	288,558	-	=	=	288,558
Restricted assets	Accounts receivable, net of allowances	834,839	74,600	210,499	110,161	1,230,099
Cash and cash equivalents 4,204,532 - - 4,20 Investments 110,119 - - - 111 Total current assets 5,757,125 100,530 656,800 167,045 6,68 NONCURRENT ASSETS Nondepreciable 493,194 - 893,191 - 17,67 Total oncurrent assets 17,271,868 - 893,191 - 17,67 Total assets 23,028,993 100,530 1,549,991 167,045 24,84 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 23,974 1,723 - 105,244 86 Accrued liabilities 23,974 1,786 - - 9 Payable from restricted assets: 23,197 1,786 - - 9 Customer deposits payable 713,885 - - - 7 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - - 5 Total current li	Inventory	21,871	-	-	-	21,871
Investments	Restricted assets					
Total current assets		4,204,532	-	-	-	4,204,532
Total current assets	Investments	110,119	-	-	-	110,119
Nondepreciable	Total current assets		100,530	656,800	167,045	6,681,500
Nondepreciable						
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 16,778,674 - 893,191 - 17,67 Total noncurrent assets 17,271,868 - 893,191 - 18,16 Total assets 23,028,993 100,530 1,549,991 167,045 24,84 LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable 734,599 23,103 - 105,244 86 Accrued liabilities 23,974 1,723 - 2 2 Compensated absences 23,197 1,786 - 2 2 Due to other funds - 93,287 - 3 - 9 Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 713,885 - 3 - 4 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - 3 - 5 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,21 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - 3 - 5 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 -	NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Total noncurrent assets	Nondepreciable	493,194	-	-	-	493,194
LIABILITIES	Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	16,778,674	-	893,191	-	17,671,865
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Total noncurrent assets	17,271,868		893,191		18,165,059
CURRENT LIABILITIES	Total assets	23,028,993	100,530	1,549,991	167,045	24,846,559
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accrued liabilities 23,974 1,723 22 Compensated absences 23,197 1,786 22 Due to other funds - 93,287 93 Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 713,885 71 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 4 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 5 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,211 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 9 Revenue bonds payable - net of Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 10,355 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,576 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,385 Restricted Debt service 925,910 925	_					
Accrued liabilities 23,974 1,723 22 Compensated absences 23,197 1,786 22 Due to other funds - 93,287 93 Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 713,885 71 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 4 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 5 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,211 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 9 Revenue bonds payable - net of Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 10,355 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,575 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,385 Restricted Debt service 925,910 925		734.599	23.103	_	105.244	862.946
Compensated absences 23,197 1,786 - - 22	, ,	- ,		-	-	25,697
Due to other funds - 93,287 - - 99,29 Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 713,885 - - - 71,21 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - - - - 44 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 - - - - 5 5 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,21 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - - - 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of 98,183 - - - 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - - 10,25 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - - 10,35 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38		•	,	_	_	24,983
Payable from restricted assets: Customer deposits payable 713,885 - - - 713,885 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - - - - 444,444 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 - - - - 55,544 2,219 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - - - 99,79 Revenue bonds payable - net of - - - 99,79 Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - - 10,25 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - 105,244 12,57 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	·		,	_	_	93,287
Customer deposits payable 713,885 - - 713 Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - - - 444 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 - - - - 55 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,219 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - - - - 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of - - - - 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - - 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - 10,355 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,380 Restricted - - -			00,20.			00,201
Revenue bonds payable - current portion 440,000 - - - 444 Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 - - - 55 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,215 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - - - - 96 Revenue bonds payable - net of 89,183 - - - - 96 Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - - 10,25 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - 10,35 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,57 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted 925,910 - - - - - - - - - -<	•	713.885	_	-	_	713.885
Accrued interest on bonds payable 58,271 55 Total current liabilities 1,993,926 119,899 - 105,244 2,219 NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 99 Revenue bonds payable - net of Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 105,244 12,579 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,388 Restricted Debt service 9925,910 925	' ' '	-,	_	_	_	440,000
Total current liabilities		•	_	-	_	58,271
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Advances from other funds 98,183 - - - 98,183 Revenue bonds payable - net of Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - 10,355 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925,910			119.899		105.244	2,219,069
Advances from other funds 98,183 98,18		.,,,,,,,,				
Revenue bonds payable - net of Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - - 10,35 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925,910	NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion	Advances from other funds	98,183	-	-	-	98,183
Revenue bonds payable - net of unamortized discounts and current portion	Revenue bonds payable - net of					
discounts and current portion 10,253,485 - - - - 10,255 Total noncurrent liabilities 10,351,668 - - - - 10,355 Total liabilities 12,345,594 119,899 - 105,244 12,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,382 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925,910	. ,					
Total noncurrent liabilities	, ,	10.253.485	=	-	=	10,253,485
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,388 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925	•					10,351,668
Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925,910	Total liabilities		119,899		105,244	12,570,737
Net investment in capital assets 9,491,920 - 893,191 - 10,38 Restricted Debt service 925,910 - - - - 925,910						
Restricted Debt service 925,910 926	NET POSITION					
Restricted Debt service 925,910 926	Net investment in capital assets	9,491,920	-	893,191	-	10,385,111
, ,	Restricted					
,	Debt service	925,910	-	-	-	925,910
Unrestricted 265,569 (19,369) 656,800 61.801 96	Unrestricted	265,569	(19,369)	656,800	61,801	964,801

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

	•••		4-	Nonmajor	
	Water and	jor Enterprise Fun Criminal Justice	ds	Enterprise Fund	
	Sewerage	Management	Stormwater	Sanitation	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 6,237,104	\$ 1,677,753	\$ 739,525	\$ 725,839	\$ 9,380,221
Other charges	274,303			78,708	353,011
Total operating revenues	6,511,407	1,677,753	739,525	804,547	9,733,232
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water purchases	2,126,743	-	-	-	2,126,743
Purchased or contracted services	2,346,932	2,382,849	7,725	736,123	5,473,629
Depreciation expense	412,149	-	47,745	-	459,894
Total operating expenses	4,885,824	2,382,849	55,470	736,123	8,060,266
Operating income (loss)	1,625,583	(705,096)	684,055	68,424	1,672,966
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	5,320	-	-	-	5,320
Intergovernmental revenue	-	1,696,094	-	-	1,696,094
Interest expense	(369,514)	-	-	-	(369,514)
Intergovernmental agreement	(1,435,381)	-	-	-	(1,435,381)
Total nonoperating income (expenses)	(1,799,575)	1,696,094		-	(103,481)
Income (loss) before					
contributions and transfers	(173,992)	990,998	684,055	68,424	1,569,485
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS			940,936		940,936
TRANSFERS					
Transfers out	(435,000)	_	(75,000)	(263,000)	(773,000)
Total transfers	(435,000)	-	(75,000)	(263,000)	(773,000)
	(222.222)			(101 ==0)	
Change in net position	(608,992)	990,998	1,549,991	(194,576)	1,737,421
NET POSITION, beginning of year as restated	11,292,391	(1,010,367)		256,377	10,538,401
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 10,683,399	\$ (19,369)	\$ 1,549,991	\$ 61,801	\$ 12,275,822

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

				Nonmajor	
		ajor Enterprise Fur		Enterprise Fund	
	Water and	Criminal Justice			
	Sewerage	Management	Stormwater	Sanitation	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING					
ACTIVITIES					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 6,628,444		\$ 529,026	\$ 796,615	\$ 9,584,890
Payments to suppliers	(3,326,860	, , , ,	(7,725)	(702,059)	(5,479,212)
Payments to employees	(874,151	(1,869,271)	· <u>-</u>	-	(2,743,422)
Net cash provided by (used in)	0.407.400	(4.004.004)	504.004	04.550	4 000 050
operating activities	2,427,433	(1,681,034)	521,301	94,556	1,362,256
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Payments on intergovernmental agreement	(1,435,381		_	_	(1,435,381)
Payments from component unit	(1,400,001	1,696,094	=	<u>-</u>	1,696,094
Transfers	(435,000		(75,000)	(263,000)	(773,000)
Net cash provided by (used in)	(100,000		(10,000)	(200,000)	(110,000)
noncapital financing activities	(1,870,381	1,696,094	(75,000)	(263,000)	(512,287)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of capital assets	(6,374,612	10,443	-	-	(6,364,169)
Principal paid on bonds	(435,000	-	-	-	(435,000)
Interest paid	(358,325	-	=	-	(358,325)
Net provided by (used in) capital and					
related financing activities	(7,167,937) 10,443	. <u>-</u>		(7,157,494)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of investments	(3,999		-	=	(3,999)
Interest and dividends received	5,320	<u> </u>	. <u> </u>		5,320
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,321	<u> </u>	· <u>-</u>		1,321
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(6,609,564	25,503	446,301	(168,444)	(6,306,204)
Cash and cash equivalents:					
Beginning of year	11,111,302	427	. <u> </u>	225,328	11,337,057
End of year	\$ 4,501,738	\$ 25,930	\$ 446,301	\$ 56,884	\$ 5,030,853
Classified as:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 297,206	\$ 25,930	446,301	\$ 56,884	\$ 826,321
Restricted assets, cash	4,204,532				4,204,532
	\$ 4,501,738		\$ 446,301	\$ 56,884	\$ 5,030,853
Noncash investing, capital, and					
financing activities: Transfer of capital assets from other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 940,936	\$ -	\$ 940,936
Transfer of Suprice assets from Strict fullus	Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ 0-10,000	<u> </u>	Ψ 070,000

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

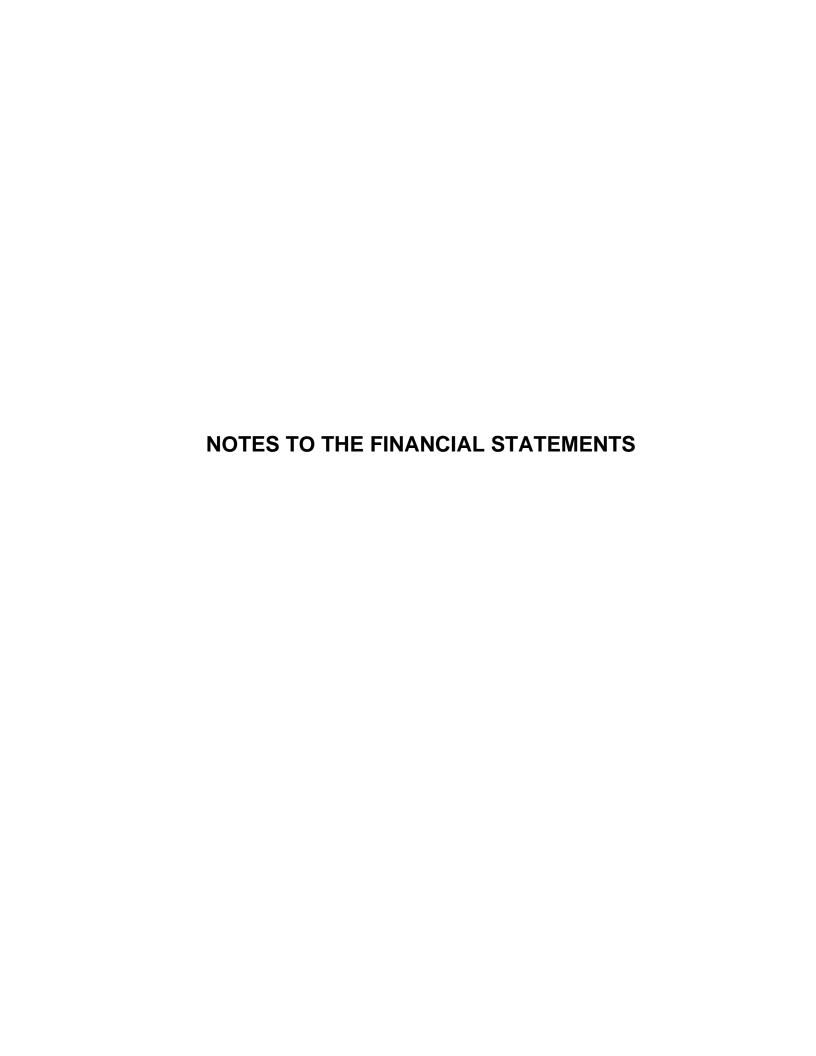
	Ma	jor E	nterprise Fun	ds			Nonmajor erprise Fund	
	Water and	Cri	minal Justice					
	Sewerage	M	lanagement	St	ormwater	S	Sanitation	
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	 Totals
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provide by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,625,583	\$	(705,096)	\$	684,055	\$	68,424	\$ 1,672,966
Adjustments to reconcile operating								
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Depreciation expense	412,149		-		47,745		-	459,894
Changes in assets and liabilities:								•
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	117,037		-		(210,499)		(7,932)	(101,394)
Decrease in due from component unit	-		376,515		-		-	376,515
Decrease in inventory	4,071		-		-		-	4,071
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	145,973		(9,366)		-		34,064	170,671
Decrease in accrued liabilities	(10,870)		(104,181)		-		-	(115,051)
Decrease in due to other funds	-		(423,463)		-		-	(423,463)
Decrease in advances from other funds	-		(815,443)		-		-	(815,443)
Increase in customer deposits	133,490		-		-		-	133,490
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities	\$ 2,427,433	\$	(1,681,034)	\$	521,301	\$	94,556	\$ 1,362,256

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND AUGUST 31, 2013

	Municipal Court
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,201
Total assets	45,201
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	45,201
Total liabilities	\$ 45,201

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Union City, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated on August 17, 1908 and operates under an elected Mayor and Council-City Manager form of government. The City Manager is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the City Council. As such, she is responsible for the day-to-day operations of city government. The legislative branch of the City is vested in the Mayor and four (4) Council members. The City provides the following services and operations as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire); planning and engineering; code enforcement; street maintenance; traffic control; solid waste collection and disposal; water and sewerage; parks and recreation; community development; and general administrative services. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component unit, a legally-separate entity for which the City is financially accountable.

Based upon criteria set forth by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14 and as amended by GASB Statement 39 and 61, the City was determined to have the following component unit as of August 31, 2013.

South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority (the Authority). The Authority is responsible for the operations of the South Fulton Municipal Regional Justice Center, which provides services to the City as well as other municipalities and governmental agencies in the geographical area. The Board of Directors of the Authority consists of five members, three of which are appointed by the City. The City has the ability to impose its will on the Authority and the Authority is therefore reported in a separate column as a discretely presented component unit in the City's government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. Separate financial statements are not available.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund financial statements, although the agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of* accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, however, grant revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within 120 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water and Sewerage fund* accounts for the operations of the City operated water distribution system, sewerage treatment plant, sewerage pumping stations and collection systems. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The **Criminal Justice Management fund** accounts for the operations related to the City's management of the jail facility for the South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The **Stormwater fund** accounts for the costs associated with the management, construction, maintenance, protections, control, regulation, use, and enhancement of stormwater systems and programs.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes.

The *capital projects funds* account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The **debt service funds** account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The **Sanitation fund** accounts for the operations of commercial and residential waste removal within the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The **agency fund** is used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the City's Municipal Court on behalf of other governments and individuals.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sanitation functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services provided. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Budget requests are completed in April.
- 2. Proposed budgets are reviewed and prepared by the City Manager for submission to the Mayor and the City Council at the annual retreat.
- 3. Public hearings on the proposed budget are held in May and June.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- 4. The budget is legally adopted by the Mayor and City Council prior to August 31.
- 5. All budget revisions or changes must be approved as required by Georgia law and administrative policy. Transfer of budgeted amounts in excess of \$250,000 between departments requires the approval of the City Council. This is consistent with the legal level of budgetary control as the budget is adopted at the department level. Revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. The City Council made several immaterial supplemental budget appropriations during the year.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all the governmental funds and the enterprise funds. Budgets for the enterprise funds are prepared for planning and control purposes only.
- 7. Budgets for the governmental funds and the enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition.

F. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and agencies of corporations of the U.S. Government; obligations of any state; obligations of any political subdivision of any state; certificates of deposit or time deposits of any national state bank or savings and loan which have deposits insured by the FDIC or FSLIC; prime bankers' acceptances; repurchase agreements; and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia ("Georgia Fund 1").

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Georgia Fund 1 was created under OCGA 36-83-8 and operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares (\$1 per share value). The pool is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

G. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method. A prepaid item is recognized when a cash expenditure/expense is made for goods or services that were purchased for consumption, but not consumed as of August 31.

H. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide statement of net position as "internal balances." In the fund level balance sheets, these receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds". Items that are more long term in nature are reflected as advances.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Grants from Other Governments

Federal and state governmental units represent an important source of supplementary funding used to finance housing, business development employment, construction programs, capital asset additions and other activities beneficial to the community. This funding, primarily in the form of grants, is recorded in both governmental and proprietary funds. Grant contributions in the proprietary funds, which are for the purpose of construction activities, or land easement or capital asset acquisitions, are recorded as capital contributions within the statement of revenues and expenses. For all funds, a grant receivable is recorded when the City has a right to receive the related grant amounts.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The City has retroactively reported major general infrastructure assets. In this case, the City chose to include all items regardless of their acquisition date. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction period of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred (from the date of borrowing until the date of completion of the project) with interest earned on investment proceeds over the same period. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013, there was no capitalized interest.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, grounds and improvements	15 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	15 - 50 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Distribution system	50 years

K. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as deferred charges, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types report the face amount of debt issued as other financing sources.

L. Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources

The City implemented GASB Statements No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, as of September 1, 2012. These new standards establish accounting and financial reporting for deferred outflows / inflows of resources and the concept of net position as the residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The City did not have any items that qualified for reporting in this category.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

M. Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and items acquired for infrastructure repair and maintenance or for possible future expansion. Inventories are stated at average cost. The consumption method is used to account for inventories.

N. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned, but unused vacation pay benefits. Vacation accrues in hours based on years of service. Maximum accrual is 120 hours on a calendar year basis. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements reflect an accrual for the full earned, but unused vacation pay.

O. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund and Capital Project Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Encumbrances are re-appropriated in the following year, except for encumbrances in the Capital Project Funds which are continuing. Encumbrances do not represent GAAP expenditures. At August 31, 2013, there were no encumbrances outstanding.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Committed** Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Council may modify or rescind the commitment.
- **Assigned** Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Council has authorized the City Manager or Comptroller to assign fund balances.
- **Unassigned** Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. MANAGEMENT'S PLAN OF ACTION

As of August 31, 2013, the South Fulton Municipal Jail Authority (the "Authority"), a discretely presented component unit of the City, has substantial liabilities without the necessary revenues to support repayment of these liabilities as a result of the closure of the Authority's jail facilities in June 2013. The jail was closed due to a continued reduction in the number of inmates being housed from other jurisdictions. As discussed in Note 7, the Authority's revenue bonds outstanding as of August 31, 2013 total \$13,350,000 and will require an average debt service payment of approximately \$970 thousand annually for the next 21 years. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City of Union City. The reduction in inmate housing fee revenues during the year ended August 31, 2013 and prior is the primary cause of the Authority's deficit net position of (\$4,691,585) as of August 31, 2013.

NOTE 2. MANAGEMENT'S PLAN OF ACTION (CONTINUED)

The Authority is currently in negotiations to sell the jail to Fulton County, Georgia. It is anticipated that the proceeds from the sale will be sufficient to pay off the outstanding debt. While these negotiations were ongoing, the City entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with Fulton County whereby the County is currently occupying the jail to house Fulton County inmates in exchange for \$111,750 a month. This agreement expires on February 28, 2014 and the Authority and County are currently working on an extension. The monthly revenues from this agreement will be sufficient to cover the annual debt service payments of the Authority's revenue bonds.

In the event that the Authority is unable to sell the jail or extend the Intergovernmental Agreement with Fulton County, the City anticipates using receipts from additional Local Option Sales Tax (LOST) proceeds that the City will receive annually as the result of an allocation settlement with Fulton County that occurred in December 2013. The allocation settlement is expected to increase the LOST revenues to the City and is expected to be sufficient to cover the annual debt service payments in the event of default by the Authority.

NOTE 3. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total* governmental funds and position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ (13,125,000)
Plus: Premium on bond issuance (to be amortized over the life of the debt)	(125,170)
Note payable	(38,464)
Capital leases	(1,048,497)
Claims payable	(6,293)
Compensated absences	(262,609)
Accrued interest	(220,211)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (14,826,244)

NOTE 3. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 1,020,318
Capital asset disposals	(5,802)
Net transfers of capital assets to other funds	(930,492)
Depreciation expense	(974,191)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (890,167)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Change in accrued interest	\$ 16,137
Change in claims payable	5,932
Change in compensated absences	21,655
Change in net pension obligation	(344,195)
Amortization of bond issuance premium	9,564
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (290,907)

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of August 31, 2013, are summarized as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position		
Primary government		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,119,532
Investments		382,921
Restricted Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		4,204,532
Investments		110,119
Agency Fund - Municipal Court		45,201
Component Unit - Cash and cash equivalents		249,139
	\$	10,111,444
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$	9,618,404
Cash deposited with Georgia Fund 1	Ψ	110,119
Investment in U.S. Government Securities		382,921
invosaniona in o.o. Government Goodings	\$	10,111,444
	Ψ	10,111,444

Credit risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City's investment policy limits its investments to only such investments permitted by the State of Georgia including certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, direct and agency obligations of the United States, obligations of the State of Georgia, pooled investment programs of the State of Georgia, and no-load mutual funds of direct obligations of the United States. As of August 31, 2013, the City's investment in Georgia Fund 1 was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's and the City's investment in corporate bonds and U.S. Government securities were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. At August 31, 2013, the City had the following investments:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment	F	air Value	Le	ess than 1		1-5		5-10	
Georgia Fund 1 U.S. Government Securities	\$	110,119 382,921	\$	110,119 382,921	\$	-	\$		-
Total	\$	493,040	\$	493,040	\$		\$		-

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk. The City's investment policy limits investment maturities to a maximum of one year, except for special circumstances where an interest rate differential and certainty of ability to hold the investment to maturity would justify a longer maturity, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's Administrator is authorized to approve any such exceptions and is required to disclose the exception to City Council.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of August 31, 2013, all of the City funds were insured and properly collateralized as defined by GASB pronouncements.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General		onmajor vernmental	٧	Vater and Sewer	,	Criminal Justice nagement	St	ormwater	Nonmajor Interprise	Total
Receivables:											
Taxes	\$ 582,812	\$	36,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 619,141
Accounts	-		11,722		1,480,807		74,600		215,392	232,043	2,014,564
Due from											
other governments	264,818		107,107		-		-		-	-	371,925
Gross receivables	847,630		155,158		1,480,807		74,600		215,392	232,043	3,005,630
Less allowance	(366,635)		-		(645,968)		-		(4,893)	(121,882)	(1,139,378)
Net receivables	\$ 480,995	\$	155,158	\$	834,839	\$	74,600	\$	210,499	\$ 110,161	\$ 1,866,252
		_									

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes were levied on September 15, 2012 based upon property values assessed as of January 1. The billings were mailed on September 15, 2012 and were payable on or before November 15, 2012 after which the applicable property is subject to lien and penalties and interest are assessed. The City bills and collects its own property taxes. Property taxes levied for 2013 are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. The net receivables collected during the year ended August 31, 2013 and collected by October 31, 2013 are recognized as revenues in the year ended August 31, 2013. Net receivables estimated to be collected subsequent to October 31, 2013 are deferred as of August 31, 2013 and recorded as revenue when received. Prior year levies were recorded using substantially the same principles, and remaining receivables are reevaluated annually. The tax rate levied during fiscal year 2013 for the City's operations was 10.6 mills (mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value).

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 666,549	\$ 25,302	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 691,851
Construction in progress	470,889	364,412		(287,701)	547,600
Total capital assets, not					
being depreciated	1,137,438	389,714		(287,701)	1,239,451
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings, grounds, and improvements	11,059,224	-	-	272,076	11,331,300
Machinery and equipment	927,469	197,816	-	-	1,125,285
Infrastructure	14,499,780	324,751	(2,008,559)	15,625	12,831,597
Vehicles	4,499,293	118,480	(149,170)	-	4,468,603
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	30,985,766	641,047	(2,157,729)	287,701	29,756,785
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings, grounds, and improvements	(4,015,012)	(279,709)	-	-	(4,294,721)
Machinery and equipment	(599,456)	(84,167)	-	-	(683,623)
Infrastructure	(7,381,645)	(325,942)	1,067,624	-	(6,639,963)
Vehicles	(2,853,556)	(284,373)	143,368	<u>-</u> _	(2,994,561)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,849,669)	(974,191)	1,210,992	-	(14,612,868)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	16,136,097	(333,144)	(946,737)	287,701	15,143,917
Governmental activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 17,273,535	\$ 56,570	\$ (946,737)	\$ -	\$ 16,383,368

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 493,194	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 493,194
Total capital assets, not	Ψ 493,194	Ψ -	Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ 493,194
being depreciated	493,194				493,194
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Distribution system	18,564,190	-	(2,419)	-	18,561,771
Machinery and equipment	154,477	-	-	-	154,477
Infrastructure	-	940,937	-	-	940,937
Wastewater treatment capacity	-	6,374,612	-	-	6,374,612
Vehicles	333,987		(63,791)		270,196
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	19,052,654	7,315,549	(66,210)	-	26,301,993
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Distribution system	(7,767,701)	(371,288)	2,419	-	(8,136,570)
Machinery and equipment	(152,598)	(1,879)	-	-	(154,477)
Infrastructure	-	(47,745)	-	-	(47,745)
Wastewater treatment capacity	-	(35,414)	-	-	(35,414)
Vehicles	(305,702)	(3,568)	53,348	<u>-</u> _	(255,922)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,226,001)	(459,894)	55,767		(8,630,128)
Total capital assets, being		'			
depreciated, net	10,826,653	6,855,655	(10,443)		17,671,865
Business-type activities capital					
assets, net	\$ 11,319,847	\$ 6,855,655	\$ (10,443)	\$ -	\$ 18,165,059

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	24,164
Judicial		85,152
Public safety		387,864
Public works		355,818
Parks and recreation		121,193
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	974,191
Business-type activities:		
Water and Sewer	\$	412,149
Stormwater		47,745
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	459,894
		

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

B. Discretely Presented Component Unit – South Fulton Municipal Regional Jail Authority

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	\$ 286,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 286,986
Total capital assets, not	ψ 200,900	Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ -	ψ 200,900
being depreciated	286,986				286,986
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings, grounds, and improvements	11,282,640	-	-	-	11,282,640
Furniture	286,079	-	-	-	286,079
Machinery and equipment	126,902	-	-	-	126,902
Infrastructure	11,733	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	11,733
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated	11,707,354			-	11,707,354
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings, grounds, and improvements	(2,971,845)	(232,493)	-	-	(3,204,338)
Furniture	(173,096)	(14,304)	-	-	(187,400)
Machinery and equipment	(95,022)	(4,554)	-	-	(99,576)
Infrastructure	(9,382)	(782)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(10,164)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,249,345)	(252,133)			(3,501,478)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net	8,458,009	(252,133)			8,205,876
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,744,995	\$ (252,133)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,492,862

NOTE 7. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

A. General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds and certificates of participation to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct general obligations of the City and are payable from an ad valorem tax upon all property of the City. General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities and are reported in the governmental column of the government-wide statements.

NOTE 7. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds outstanding at August 31, 2013, are as follows:

		Original Amount	Interest Rates	Balance August 31, 2013
2006 General Obligation Bonds 2010 General Obligation Bonds 2010 Certificates of Participation	\$ \$	12,575,000 1,755,000 3,310,000 17,640,000	4.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 3.00% 2.83% - 3.25%	\$ 9,815,000 900,000 2,410,000 13,125,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2014	\$	1,145,000	\$	533,563	\$	1,678,563
2015		1,225,000		491,628		1,716,628
2016		1,295,000		445,663		1,740,663
2017		1,060,000		400,063		1,460,063
2018		1,450,000		354,306		1,804,306
2019-2023		3,925,000		1,234,506		5,159,506
2024-2026		3,025,000		282,131		3,307,131
	\$	13,125,000	\$	3,741,860	\$	16,866,860

B. Revenue Bonds

The City also issues revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for business-like activities and are reported in the business-type column of the government-wide statements. Principal and interest are payable from enterprise fund revenue (the City's Water and Sewerage Fund).

The City's 2012 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds were issued in April 2012 for the purpose of a) making certain additions, extensions and improvements to the City's water system; b) funding a debt service reserve for the bonds; and c) paying the cost of issuing the bonds. The bonds are special limited obligations of the City secured by and payable solely from a first lien on and pledge of revenues derived by the City from the ownership and operation of the City's water system. These bonds are due on July 1, 2032.

NOTE 7. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

B. Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Revenue bonds outstanding at August 31, 2013, are as follows:

		Original Amount	Interest Rate	 Balance August 31, 2013
2012 Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds	<u>\$</u>	11,275,000	2.0 - 4.0%	\$ 10,840,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending August 31,	Principal		Interest		est To	
2014	\$	440,000	\$	349,625	\$	789,625
2015		450,000		340,825		790,825
2016		460,000		331,825		791,825
2017		470,000		322,625		792,625
2018		480,000		310,875		790,875
2019-2023		2,620,000		1,341,825		3,961,825
2024-2028		3,050,000		905,000		3,955,000
2029-2032		2,870,000		292,600		3,162,600
	\$	10,840,000	\$	4,195,200	\$	15,035,200

C. Capital Leases

During 2009, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with a local financial institution to finance the purchase of a new fire truck. Annual lease payments are due including interest at 3.53% in the amount of \$101,790 through January 15, 2019. During 2012, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with a local financial institution to refinance the City's new fire station. Annual lease payments are due including interest at 1.47% through May 27, 2014. As of August 31, 2013, the City reflects total cost of leased assets of \$2,267,077 and accumulated depreciation of \$362,181.

NOTE 7. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Capital Leases (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of August 31, 2013, were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending August 31,		vernmental Activities
2014	\$	615,890
2015		101,789
2016		101,789
2017		101,789
2018		101,789
2019		101,789
Total minimum lease payments		1,124,835
Less: amount representing interest		(76,338)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,048,497

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2013, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:									
General obligation bonds	\$	14,200,000	\$	-	\$	(1,075,000)	\$	13,125,000	\$ 1,145,000
Plus: deferred premium		134,734		-		(9,564)		125,170	-
		14,334,734		-		(1,084,564)		13,250,170	1,145,000
Note payable		111,897		-		(73,433)		38,464	38,464
Capital lease		1,628,305		-		(579,808)		1,048,497	581,953
Claims payable		12,225		6,293		(12,225)		6,293	6,293
Compensated absences		284,264		408,859		(430,514)		262,609	262,609
Governmental activity									
Long-term liabilities	\$	16,371,425	\$	415,152	\$	(2,180,544)	\$	14,606,033	\$ 2,034,319
Business-type activities:									
Revenue bonds	\$	11,275,000	\$	-	\$	(435,000)	\$	10,840,000	\$ 440,000
Less: deferred discount	·	(159,154)	•	-	·	12,639	•	(146,515)	-
		11,115,846		-		(422,361)		10,693,485	440,000
Compensated absences		83,544		101,642		(160,203)		24,983	24,983
Business-type activity									
Long-term liabilities	\$	11,199,390	\$	101,642	\$	(582,564)	\$	10,718,468	\$ 464,983

NOTE 7. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

For governmental activities, compensated absences and claims payable are generally liquidated by the General Fund. For both governmental activities and business-type activities, compensated absences are all reported as current due to historical trends of City employee use of leave annually.

C. Component Unit

In November 2012, the Authority issued Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 for the purposes of (1) refunding the Authority's previously issued Taxable Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, (2) paying certain operating costs of the jail owned by the Authority, and (3) paying the costs of issuing the 2012 Series Bonds. The Authority's revenue bonds outstanding at August 31, 2013, are as follows:

	 Original Amount	Interest Rate	 Balance August 31, 2013
2012 South Fulton Municipal Jail Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds	\$ 13,350,000	3.65%	\$ 13,350,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Authority's bonds are as listed below. The following maturity schedule was based on the rate as of year end.

Fiscal Year Ending August 31,	Principal			Interest	Total		
2014	\$	295,000	\$	485,454	\$	780,454	
2015		300,000		483,418		783,418	
2016		300,000		480,962		780,962	
2017		305,000		477,230		782,230	
2018		310,000		472,126		782,126	
2019-2023		2,560,000		2,201,003		4,761,003	
2024-2028		3,695,000		1,633,433		5,328,433	
2029-2033		4,545,000		775,488		5,320,488	
2034		1,040,000		24,097		1,064,097	
	\$	13,350,000	\$	7,033,211	\$	20,383,211	

Long-term liability activity for the Authority for the year ended August 31, 2013, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance A		Additions Reductions			Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Revenue bonds	\$	6,780,000	\$	13,350,000	\$	(6,780,000)	\$ 13,350,000	\$	295,000

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City of Union City Retirement Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides retirement and disability benefits and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City's Plan is a part of the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (the "System"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Public Retirement Systems Standard Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10) assigns the City to establish and amend the plan to the City of Union City. Therefore, the benefit provisions and all other requirements are established and may be amended by City ordinance. The Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. The report may be obtained by writing to the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

The City's employee participation is noncontributory. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 15.93% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the System's Board of Trustees.

At January 1, 2013, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, there were 300 participants consisting of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	35
Vested terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	55
Active employees	210
Total	300

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the contributions are due. Investment income is recognized by the Plan when earned.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Method Used to Value Investments. Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

C. Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute all amounts necessary to fund the plan, using the actuarial basis specified by the City Council. The funding policy for the Plan is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the recommended contribution described below. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment income.

D. Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended August 31, 2013, the City's annual pension cost was \$1,494,331 for the City of Union City Retirement Plan. The recommended contribution of \$1,411,231 was determined as part of the January 1, 2012 actuarial valuation using the project unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75% per year, compounded annually and net of investment expenses, (b) projected salary increases of 3% for inflation and 0.5% for merit or seniority and (c) cost of living adjustments of 3%. The remaining amortization period varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 11 years. The method used for amortizing the unfunded actuarially accrued liability is on a level dollar basis (closed amortization period).

The City's actuarially determined contribution, pension cost and increase in net pension obligation for the year ended August 31, 2013 is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,411,231
Interest on net pension obligation	11,096
Adjustments to annual required contribution	(50,440)
Annual pension cost	1,371,887
Contributions made	1,027,692
Increase in net pension obligation	344,195
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	554,836
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ 899,031

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

D. Annual Pension Cost (Continued)

Fiscal Year Beginning	Percentage of Annual Annual Pension Pension Cost Cost Contributed				Net Pension Obligation		
07/01/07	\$	739,483	100.0	%	\$	-	
05/01/08		933,066	100.0			-	
05/01/09		1,143,956	76.3			152,865	
05/01/10		1,103,505	100.0			152,865	
09/01/11		1,407,113	71.4			554,836	
09/01/12		1,371,887	74.9			899,031	

As of the most recent valuation date, January 1, 2013, the funded status of the Plan was as follows:

				Unfunded				Actuariai Accrued Liability as	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Value of Accrued		Actuarial Accrued Fu Liability R			Annual Covered Payroll	a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
01/01/13	\$ 10,470,013	\$ 16,15	1,159 \$	5,681,146	64.8 %	\$	8,854,303	64.2 %	

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan net assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liability. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of January 1, 2013.

NOTE 9. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City offers its employees a defined contribution plan administered by Citistreet Associates created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional and requires the City to contribute an amount equal to 100% up to the first 2% an employee defers, 75% of the next 2%, and 50% of the next 6% deferred. Employers' contributions are fully vested after the participant completes three full years of service. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Pursuant to the Statement Number 32 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans", the City does not have a fiduciary relationship with the 457 plan. Accordingly, the balances and transactions of the City's 457 plan are not reported in the City's financial statements. Contributions are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City's contribution to the Plan approximated \$278,064 and the employees' contributions approximated \$406,544 for the year ended August 31, 2013.

NOTE 10. BUDGET COMPLIANCE AND DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

A. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following General Fund department and special revenue fund had actual expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended August 31, 2013:

Parks and Recreation \$ 1,840 Hotel / Motel Tax Fund 20,153

These over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues and by available fund balance.

B. Deficit Net Position/Fund Balance

The following fund had a deficit net position/fund balance at August 31, 2013:

Criminal Justice Management Fund \$ 19,369
Capital Grants Fund 37,592

The deficit within the Criminal Justice Management Fund and Capital Grants Fund is expected to be reduced through future increased charges for services and reduced operating costs.

NOTE 11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances and advances as of August 31, 2013, are as follows:

		0	ue From			
	Criminal Justice nagement		lonmajor vernmental	Total		
Due To						
General Fund	\$ 93,287	\$	153,353	\$	246,640	
Total	\$ 93,287	\$	153,353	\$	246,640	
		aı	Advances Water nd Sewer	Due From		
			Fund		Total	
Advances Due To			_		_	
General Fund		\$	98,183	\$	98,183	
Total		\$	98,183	\$	98,183	

Interfund receivables and payables result from timing differences related to collection of taxes in Special Revenue Funds and payroll and other year end transactions in enterprise funds, which normally clear within one to two months. Advances to/from other funds represent amounts not expected to be repaid within one year from the date of the financial statements.

NOTE 11. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2013, consisted of the following:

	Transfer to										
Transfer from		General		Nonmajor overnmental	Total						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	2,236,200	\$	2,236,200					
Nonmajor Governmental		165,000		-		165,000					
Water and Sewer Fund		435,000		-		435,000					
Stormwater Fund		75,000		-		75,000					
Nonmajor Enterprise		263,000		-		263,000					
Total	\$	938,000	\$	2,236,200	\$	3,174,200					

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 12. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied a 5% lodging tax. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013, \$194,320 of hotel/motel tax was collected. Of the total collected in the current and prior years, \$266,731 was used for the promotion of tourism within the City. The remainder of the funds collected in prior years remain unspent at year end.

NOTE 13. EXCISE TAX ON RENTAL MOTOR VEHICLES

The City has imposed and collected an excise tax on rental motor vehicles under the provisions of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 48-13-93. The code section requires the City to spend the taxes collected for the purpose of promoting tourism, conventions, trade shows, etc. and promoting the City and businesses therein. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013, \$147,259 of excise tax was collected and \$165,000 was used to pay for tourism outlays within the City.

NOTE 14. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the 10-county Metro Atlanta area, is a member of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC) and is required to pay dues thereto. During its year ending August 31, 2013, the City paid no annual dues to the ARC because currently all dues are paid on the City's behalf by Fulton County. Membership in an ARC is required by the OCGA, Section 50-8-34, which provides for the organizational structure of the ARC in Georgia. The ARC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RDC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from: Atlanta Regional Commission, 40 Courtland St. NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

NOTE 15. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

On March 13, 2001, Union City, the City of Fairburn, and the City of Palmetto created by joint resolutions pursuant to the authority of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, the South Fulton Municipal Regional Water and Sewer Authority (the Water and Sewer Authority). The Water and Sewer Authority was created to provide alternative water and sewer resources for the Cities of Union, Fairburn and Palmetto. The Water and Sewer Authority is governed by a board of seven directors, three of whom are the chief elected official of each member city, three of whom are appointed one each by each of the member cities, and one director being appointed by members of the local delegation of the Georgia General Assembly who represent all, or any part of, a member city.

The City does not provide financial support to the Water and Sewer Authority, but has contractually obligated itself to use its full taxing powers to guarantee the repayment of approximately 55.75% of the principal and interest on the Water and Sewer Authority's Series 2007 Variable Rate Revenue Bonds. During the year ended August 31, 2013, the City agreed to pay the Water and Sewer Authority \$1,146,648 for the City's proportionate share of the principal and interest on the Water and Sewer Authority's bonds from revenues of the City's Water and Sewer Fund.

NOTE 15. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2012, the Water and Sewer Authority's debt service requirements on the Series 2007 Variable Rate Revenue Bonds were as follows using the synthetic interest rate of 3.67%:

Fiscal Year Ending December 31,	 Total	 Principal	 Interest
2013	\$ 2,018,686	\$ 585,000	\$ 1,433,686
2014	2,026,115	615,000	1,411,115
2015	2,220,287	840,000	1,380,287
2016	2,237,624	890,000	1,347,624
2017	2,397,621	1,090,000	1,307,621
2018 - 2022	13,272,680	7,515,000	5,757,680
2023 - 2027	14,407,278	10,340,000	4,067,278
2028 - 2032	15,905,730	14,130,000	1,775,730
2033	3,645,000	3,645,000	-
	\$ 58,131,021	\$ 39,650,000	\$ 18,481,021

Separate financial statements for the Water and Sewer Authority can be obtained at the following address: South Fulton Municipal Regional Water and Sewer Authority, P.O. Box 855, Fairburn, Georgia 30213.

NOTE 16. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The City's governing body is responsible for appointing a majority of the board members of the City of Union City Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for this organization.

NOTE 17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved in various claims and matters of litigation resulting from normal operations. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 18. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, public entity risk pools currently operating as common risk management and insurance programs for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds and to report as promptly as possible and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

NOTE 19. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City does not currently have or participate in other postretirement health care, dental, or life insurance plans for City retirees.

NOTE 20. SHORT-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the short-term debt transactions for the City for the year ended August 31, 2013.

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Tax anticipation note - 2012 Revenue bonds	3,306,242 \$ 3,306,242	\$ -	(3,306,242)	\$ -

NOTE 21. RESTATEMENTS

The City has determined that a restatement to beginning net position of the Governmental Activities and the Business-type Activities was required to recognize the change in accounting principle for implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 65 through which bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred. This adjustment resulted in changes to beginning net position of the Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities as follows:

	 overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities
Net position, as previously reported	\$ 5,444,998	\$	10,817,987
Recognition of bond issuance cost in accordance			
with GASB 65	 (399,605)		(279,586)
Net position, as restated	\$ 5,045,393	\$	10,538,401

The City has determined that a restatement to beginning net position of the Water and Sewer Fund was required to recognize the change in accounting principle for implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 65 through which bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred. This adjustment resulted in changes to beginning net position of the Water and Sewer Fund as follows:

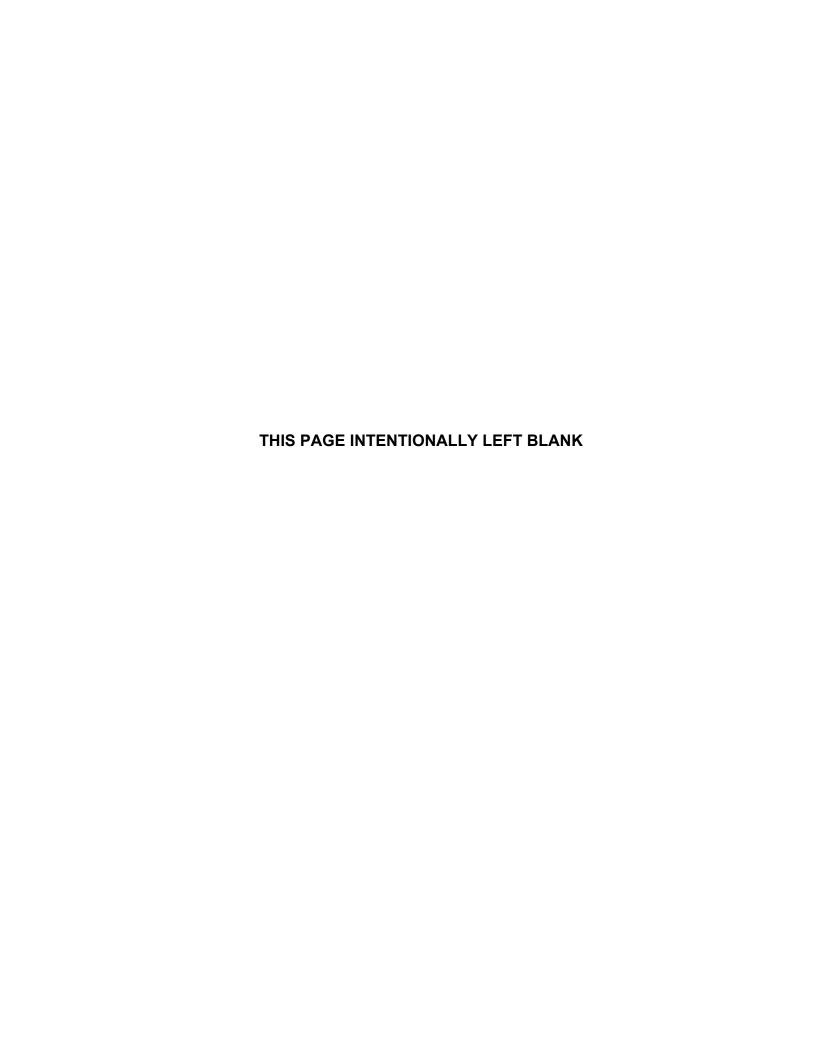
	Wa	ter and Sewer
		Fund
Net position, as previously reported	\$	11,571,977
Recognition of bond issuance cost in accordance with GASB 65		(279,586)
Net position, as restated	\$	11,292,391

The City has determined that a restatement to beginning net position of the South Fulton Regional Jail Authority, a component unit of the City, was required to recognize the change in accounting principle for implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 65 through which bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred. This adjustment resulted in changes to beginning net position of the South Fulton Regional Jail Authority as follows:

	Com	ponent Unit
	So	uth Fulton
	Re	gional Jail
		Authority
Net position, as previously reported	\$	(343,196)
Recognition of bond issuance cost in accordance with GASB 65		(525,261)
Net position, as restated	\$	(868,457)

NOTE 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In September 2013, the City approved a \$3,000,000 line of credit with United Community Bank bearing interest at a rate of 2.75% and maturing on December 31, 2013.



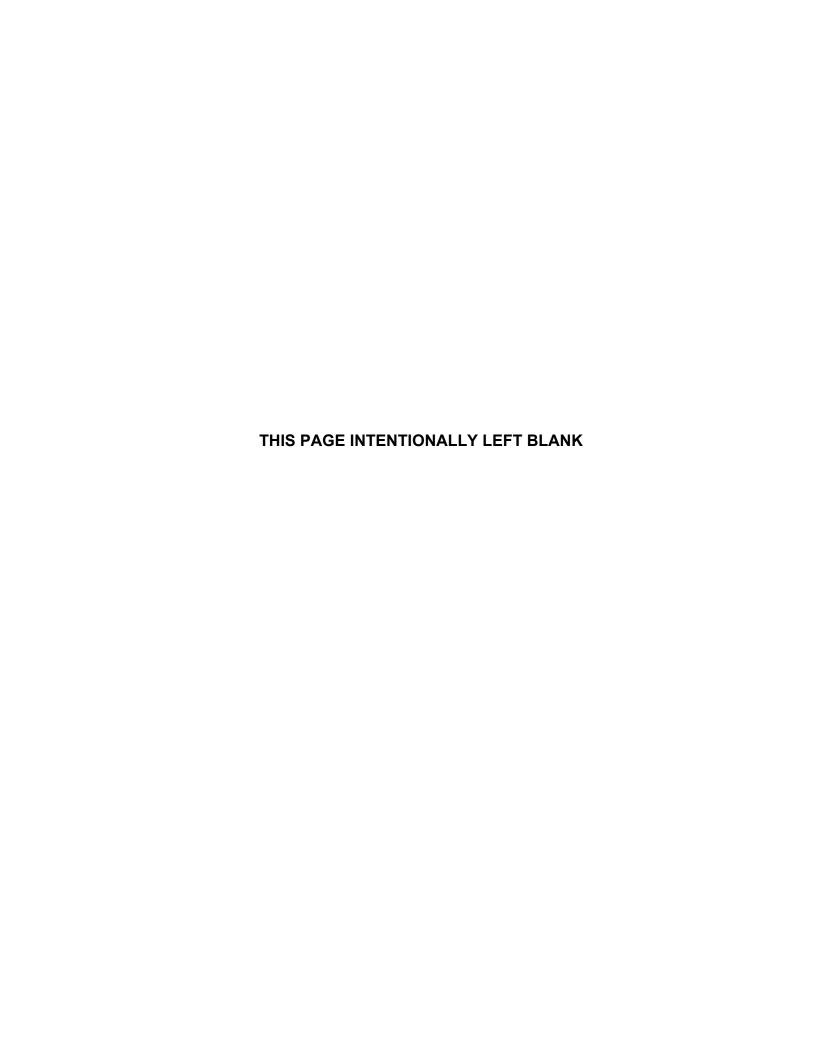


CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date	Valuation Assets (AAL)		 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
7/1/2005	\$	4,125,013	\$ 6,166,286	\$ 2,041,273	66.9 %	\$ 5,293,469	38.6 %
7/1/2006		4,896,599	6,782,618	1,886,019	72.2	5,429,027	34.7
5/1/2007		5,593,109	7,719,700	2,126,591	72.5	6,103,166	34.8
5/1/2008		6,489,701	9,757,526	3,267,825	66.5	6,905,300	47.3
5/1/2009		5,222,920	10,188,701	4,965,781	51.3	7,051,938	70.4
1/1/2010		6,994,019	10,705,787	3,711,768	65.3	7,137,980	52.0
1/1/2011		8,267,336	13,869,348	5,602,012	59.6	8,736,816	64.1
1/1/2012		9,256,675	14,944,788	5,688,113	61.9	9,175,799	62.0
1/1/2013		10,470,013	16,151,159	5,681,146	64.8	8,854,303	64.2

The assumptions used in the preparation of the above schedule are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.



COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Federal Seized Funds Fund** accounts for the collection and use of funds confiscated from convicted offenders.

The **Vehicle Rental Excise Tax Fund** accounts for the collection of rental car fees that are required to be remitted to the Economic Development Department.

The **Hotel/Motel Tax Fund** accounts for the Hotel/Motel tax receipts and distributions of funds used to promote tourism within the City.

The **Emergency 911 Fund** accounts for the fee collection and operations of the Emergency 911 system within the City.

The Inmate Welfare Fund accounts for certain funds collected at the commissary located at the City jail.

The **Tax Allocation District Fund** accounts for the increased property tax generated by new development to finance capital and other costs related to redevelopment.

The **Multiple Operating Grant Fund** accounts for federal and state grant revenues to be used for City expenditures.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

The **Capital Grants Fund** accounts for various capital projects of the City. Funding is provided by state and federal agencies and transfers from the General Fund.

The **2006 General Obligation Bonds Capital Projects Fund** accounts for the issuance of the 2006 general obligation bonds and its related acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The **CDBG Fund** accounts for various community capital projects of the City. Funding is provided by state and federal agencies and transfers from the General Fund.

The **Capital Projects Fund** accounts for various capital projects of the City. Funding is provided by the issuance of capital leases and transfers from the General Fund.

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The **2006 General Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund** accounts for accumulation of resources for the payment of debt principal and interest for the 2006 General Obligation Bond Issue.

The **2010 General Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund** accounts for accumulation of resources for the payment of debt principal and interest for the 2010 General Obligation Bond Issue.

The **2010 Certificate of Participation Debt Service Fund** accounts for accumulation of resources for the payment of debt principal and interest for the 2010 Certificate of Participation Issue.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2013

	Special Revenue Funds													
ASSETS	Federal Seized Funds Fund		Vehicle Rental Excise Tax Fund		Hotel / Motel Tax Fund		Emergency 911 Fund		Inmate Welfare Fund		Tax Allocation District Fund			Multiple Operating Grant Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	29,424 - -	\$	- 17,152 - -	\$	60,164 19,177 -	\$	22,629 - 11,722	\$	239,615 - -	\$	55,820 - -	\$	134,595 - - 95,966
Total assets	\$	29,424	\$	17,152	\$	79,341	\$	34,351	\$	239,615	\$	55,820	\$	230,561
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,273 -	\$	5,523 14,424	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,730 -
Due to others Due to other funds		-		- 4,027		-		- -		43,611 100		- -		- 119.226
Total liabilities				4,027		30,273		19,947		43,711		-		125,956
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Restricted for:														
Law enforcement		29,424		-		-		14,404		-		-		104,605
Economic development		-		13,125		49,068		-		-		-		-
Other capital projects Debt service		-		-		-		-		-		55,820 -		-
Assigned to: Public safety - jail Unassigned		-		-		-		-		195,904		-		-
Total fund balances (deficit) Total liabilities and		29,424		13,125		49,068		14,404		195,904		55,820		104,605
fund balances	\$	29,424	\$	17,152	\$	79,341	\$	34,351	\$	239,615	\$	55,820	\$	230,561

_		i	rvice Funds						nds	jects Fu		Capital Projects Funds						
To		2010 Certificate of Participation		2010 General Obligation Bond		2006 General Obligation Bond		Capital Projects Fund				tal Grants Fund						
\$ 2	348,875	\$	627	\$	1,362	\$	888,011	\$	336	\$	260,275	\$	12,704	\$				
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-					
	=		-		=		-		-		-		11,141					
\$ 2	348,875	\$	627	\$	1,362	\$	888,011	\$	336	\$	260,275	\$	23,845	\$				
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- - -	\$	1,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- - -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	61,437	\$				
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-					
	30,000				-				-		<u> </u>		-					
	30,000		<u>-</u>		1,000		-		-		<u>-</u>		61,437					
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-					
1	-		-		-		- 888,011		336		260,275		-					
•	318,875		627		362		-		-		-		-					
	-		-		-		-		-		-		- (07.506)					
1	318,875		627		362		888,011		336		260,275		(37,592)					
						-							.					
\$ 2	348,875	\$	627	\$	1,362	\$	888,011	\$	336	\$	260,275	\$	23,845	\$				

(Concluded)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

						S	pecial	Revenue Fun	ds					
	S F	Federal Seized Funds Fund		Vehicle Rental xcise Tax Fund	N	Hotel / lotel Tax Fund		mergency 911 Fund		Inmate Welfare Fund		Allocation District Fund	Multiple Operating Grant Fund	
Revenues: Other taxes	æ		\$	147.050	\$	194,320	\$		\$		\$		¢	
Charges for services	\$	-	Ф	147,259	Ф	194,320	Ф	234,373	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue		-		-		-		234,373		-		_		489,090
Interest revenue		_		_		_		_		_		_		816
Other revenues		12,094		_		_		_		10,483		_		-
Total revenues		12,094		147,259		194,320		234,373		10,483				489,906
Expenditures: Current														
Public safety		16,198		=		-		563,486		33,886		-		415,368
Economic development		-		-		266,731		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-		52,851		-
Debt service Principal Interest		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		16,198				266,731		563,486		33,886		52,851		415,368
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,104)		147,259		(72,411)		(329,113)		(23,403)		(52,851)		74,538
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out		-		- (165,000)		- -		329,200 -		<u>-</u>		- -		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		(165,000)		_		329,200		_		_		_
Net change in fund balances		(4,104)		(17,741)		(72,411)		87		(23,403)		(52,851)		74,538
Fund balances, beginning of year		33,528		30,866		121,479		14,317		219,307		108,671		30,067
Fund balances, end of year	\$	29,424	\$	13,125	\$	49,068	\$	14,404	\$	195,904	\$	55,820	\$	104,605

				Service Funds	Debt S					unds	ojects	Capital Pro			
Totals	_	2010 ertificate of articipation	Ce	2010 General bligation Bond	(2006 General bligation Bond	C	Capital Projects Fund		CDBG Fund		2006 General Obligation Bond		oital Grants Fund	Ca _l
\$ 341,579	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
234,373 759,641		-		-		-		-		- 53,750		-		- 216,801	
948		132				-		_		33,730 -		- -		210,001	
22,577		-		=		-		-		_		=		-	
1,359,118	_	132		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				53,750		<u> </u>		216,801	
1,028,938		-		-		_		-		_		-		_	
266,731		-		-		-		-		_		-		_	
1,393,579		-		-		-		309,652		53,750		446,206		531,120	
1,148,433		320,000		285,000		470,000		73,433		-		-		-	
580,450		78,069		27,664		473,150		1,567				-		-	
4,418,131	_	398,069		312,664		943,150		384,652		53,750		446,206		531,120	
(3,059,013)		(397,937)		(312,664)		(943,150)		(384,652)				(446,206)		(314,319)	
2,236,200 (165,000)	_	389,000		313,000		930,000		- -		- -		- -		275,000	
2,071,200		389,000		313,000		930,000		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		275,000	
(987,813)		(8,937)		336		(13,150)		(384,652)		-		(446,206)		(39,319)	
2,881,057		327,812		291		13,512		1,272,663		336		706,481		1,727	
\$ 1,893,244	\$	318,875	\$	627	\$	362	\$	888,011	\$	336	\$	260,275	\$	(37,592)	\$

(Concluded)

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA FEDERAL SEIZED FUNDS FUND

DEVENUE	Origi	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance
REVENUES Other revenues Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	12,094 12,094	\$	12,094 12,094
EXPENDITURES Public safety Total expenditures		28,665 28,665		28,665 28,665		16,198 16,198		12,467 12,467
Net change in fund balance		(28,665)		(28,665)		(4,104)		24,561
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		33,528		33,528		33,528		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	4,863	\$	4,863	\$	29,424	\$	24,561

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA VEHICLE RENTAL EXCISE TAX FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
REVENUES Other taxes	\$	137,000	\$	137,000	\$	147,259	\$	10,259
Excess of revenues over expenditures		137,000		137,000		147,259		10,259
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(165,000) (165,000)		(165,000) (165,000)		(165,000) (165,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(28,000)		(28,000)		(17,741)		10,259
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		30,866		30,866		30,866		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	2,866	\$	2,866	\$	13,125	\$	10,259

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA HOTEL / MOTEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		\	/ariance
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	169,000	\$	169,000	\$	194,320	\$	25,320
EXPENDITURES Economic development		234,750		246,578		266,731		(20,153)
Total expenditures	-	234,750		246,578		266,731		(20,153)
Net change in fund balance		(65,750)		(77,578)		(72,411)		5,167
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		121,479		121,479		121,479		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	55,729	\$	43,901	\$	49,068	\$	5,167

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA EMERGENCY 911 FUND

	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	 /ariance
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$	239,400	\$	239,400	\$ 234,373	\$ (5,027)
Total revenues		239,400		239,400	 234,373	 (5,027)
EXPENDITURES						
Public safety		614,400		614,400	563,486	50,914
Total expenditures		614,400		614,400	563,486	 50,914
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(375,000)		(375,000)	(329,113)	 45,887
Other financing sources						
Transfers in		375,000		375,000	329,200	(45,800)
Total other financing sources		375,000		375,000	329,200	(45,800)
Net change in fund balance		-		-	87	87
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		14,317		14,317	 14,317	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	14,317	\$	14,317	\$ 14,404	\$ 87

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA INMATE WELFARE FUND

	Orig	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	1,700	\$	1,700	\$	-	\$	(1,700)
Other revenues		95,500		95,500		10,483		(85,017)
Total revenues		97,200		97,200		10,483		(86,717)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		321,569		321,569		33,886		287,683
Total expenditures		321,569		321,569	-	33,886	-	287,683
Net change in fund balance		(224,369)		(224,369)		(23,403)		200,966
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		219,307		219,307		219,307		<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	(5,062)	\$	(5,062)	\$	195,904	\$	200,966

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION DISTRICT FUND

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES				
Economic development	108,671	108,671	52,851	55,820
Total expenditures	108,671	108,671	52,851	55,820
Net change in fund balance	(108,671)	(108,671)	(52,851)	55,820
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	108,671	108,671	108,671	
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,820	\$ 55,820

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA MULTIPLE OPERATING GRANT FUND

	Orig	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	502,836	\$	502,836	\$	489,090	\$	(13,746)
Interest revenue						816		816
Total revenues		502,836		502,836		489,906		(12,930)
EXPENDITURES								
Public safety		569,828		570,224		415,368		154,856
Total expenditures		569,828		570,224		415,368		154,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(66,992)		(67,388)		74,538		141,926
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		72,631		72,631		_		(72,631)
Total other financing sources		72,631		72,631		-		(72,631)
Net change in fund balance		5,639		5,243		74,538		69,295
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		30,067		30,067		30,067		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	35,706	\$	35,310	\$	104,605	\$	69,295

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA 2006 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		\	/ariance
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	470,000	\$	470,000	\$	470,000	\$	-
Interest		472,150		473,150		473,150		-
Total expenditures		942,150		943,150		943,150		-
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(942,150)		(943,150)		(943,150)		
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		930,000		930,000		930,000		-
Total other financing sources		930,000		930,000		930,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(12,150)		(13,150)		(13,150)		-
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		13,512		13,512		13,512		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	1,362	\$	362	\$	362	\$	

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA 2010 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND

	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual		ariance
EXPENDITURES							
Debt service							
Principal	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$ 285,000	\$	-
Interest		28,000		28,000	27,664		336
Total expenditures		313,000		313,000	312,664		336
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(313,000)		(313,000)	 (312,664)		336
Other financing sources							
Transfers in		313,000		313,000	313,000		-
Total other financing sources		313,000		313,000	313,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		-	336		336
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		291		291	 291		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	291	\$	291	\$ 627	\$	336

CITY OF UNION CITY, GEORGIA 2010 CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION FUND

DEVENUE	Orig	inal Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Va	ariance
REVENUES Interest revenues	\$	_	\$	_	\$	132	\$	132
Total revenues	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	132	Ψ	132
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service								
Principal		320,000		320,000		320,000		-
Interest		75,000		78,069		78,069		-
Total expenditures		395,000		398,069		398,069		-
Other financing sources								
Transfers in		389,000		389,000		389,000		-
Total other financing sources		389,000		389,000		389,000	-	-
Net change in fund balance		(6,000)		(9,069)		(8,937)		132
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		327,812		327,812		327,812		
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	321,812	\$	318,743	\$	318,875	\$	132

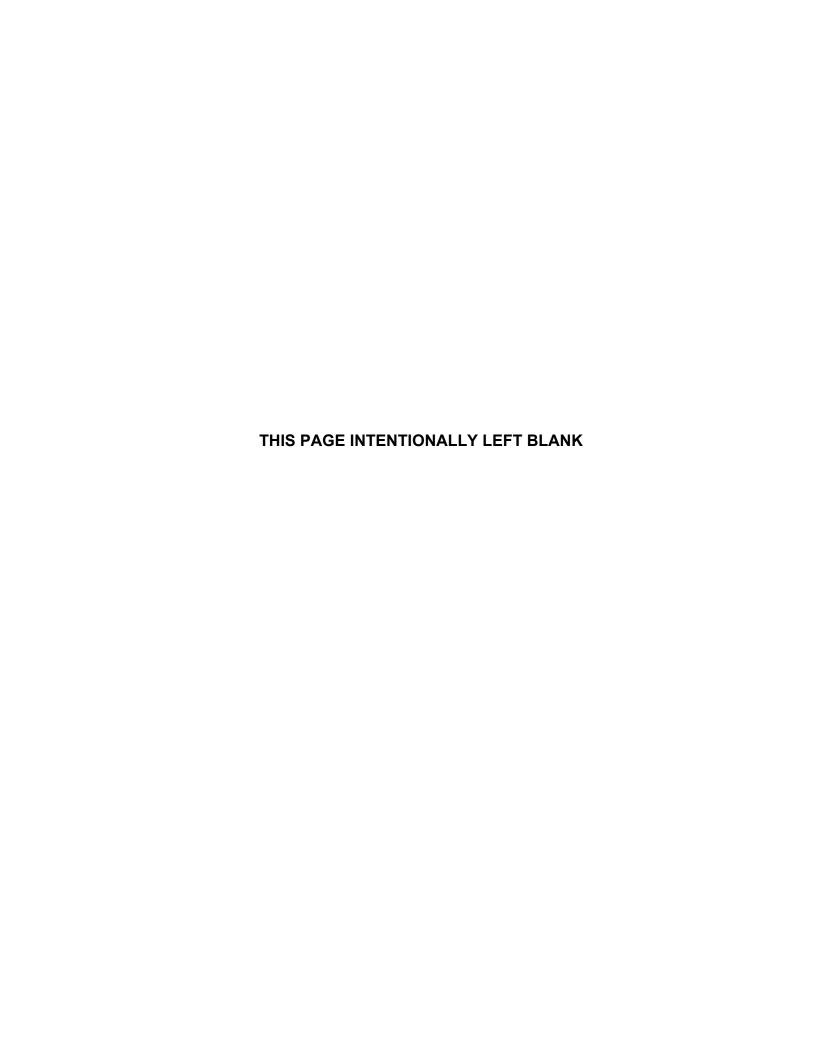
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND August 31, 2013

	· —	Balance September 1, 2012 Additions				Deletions	_	Balance Igust 31, 2013
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	79,253	\$	1,902,127	\$	1,936,179	\$	45,201
Total assets		79,253		1,902,127		1,936,179		45,201
LIABILITIES:								
Due to others		79,253		1,902,127		1,936,179		45,201
Total liabilities	\$	79,253	\$	1,902,127	\$	1,936,179	\$	45,201

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	2,066,805
Payments to suppliers	•	(6,716,007)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(4,649,202)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on bonds		(6,780,000)
Issuance of revenue bonds		13,350,000
Interest paid		(1,744,393)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		4,825,607
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest and dividends received		2,039
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	2,039
Change in cash and cash equivalents		178,444
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning of year		70,695
End of year	<u>\$</u>	249,139
Classified as:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	249,139
Cach and cach equivalente	\$	249,139
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(2,043,847)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities	*	(=,0:0,0::)
Depreciation expense		252,133
Changes in assets and liabilities:		202,:00
Decrease in accounts receivable		438,787
Decrease in prepaids		2,520
Decrease in accounts payable		(1,958)
Decrease in due to primary government		(3,296,837)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(4,649,202)

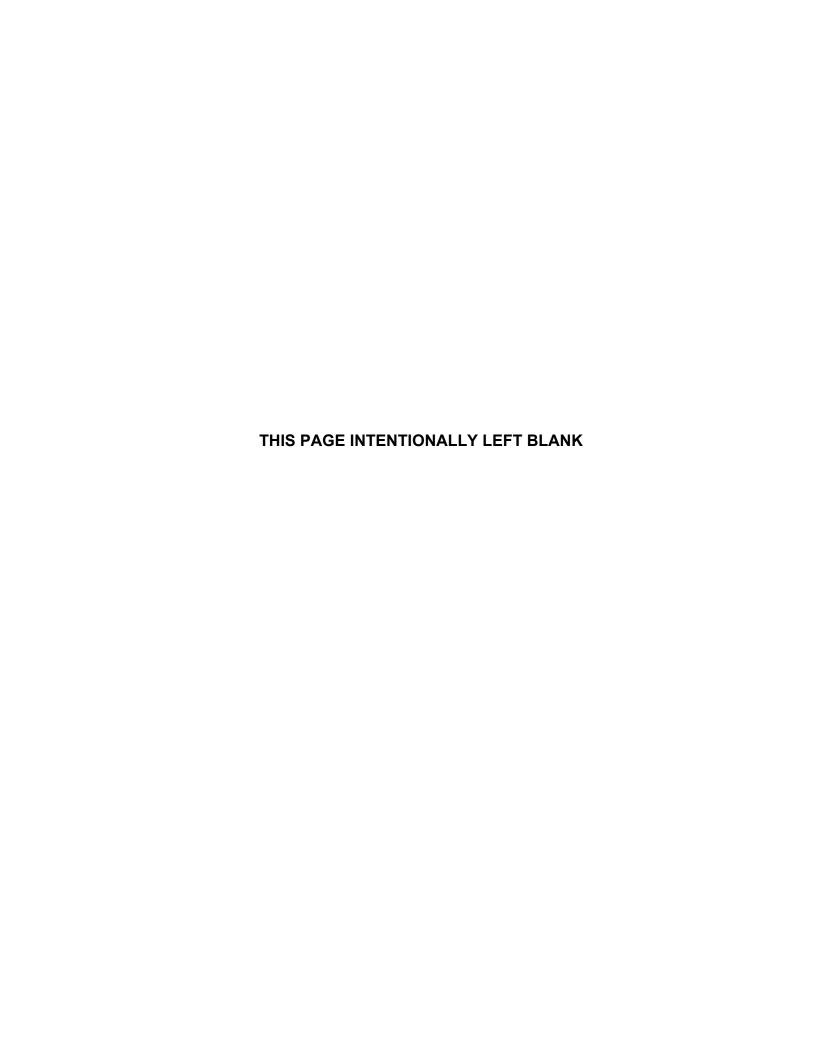


STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Union City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	75 - 80
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local	81 - 85
revenue sources. Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current	86 - 89
levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	and 91
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	92 - 94

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information (unless otherwise indicated) include information beginning in that year.



NET POSITION BY ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year																			
		2004 ⁽¹⁾		2005 ⁽¹⁾		2006 ⁽²⁾		2007		2008	_	2009	_	2010		2011		2012	_	2013
Governmental activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	4,487,168	\$	5,721,972	\$	9,183,450	\$	8,494,912	\$	7,689,065	\$	5,125,892	\$	4,350,167	\$	2,298,610	\$	2,363,313	\$	2,046,237
Restricted		1,630,448		1,842,040		12,435,193		10,858,756		9,279,559		6,867,079		4,645,673		857,484		1,478,182		1,734,932
Unrestricted		5,679,732		5,854,008		(3,591,480)		(774,996)		792,593		2,179,160		2,692,528		3,697,905		1,603,503		(102,458)
Total governmental activities																				_
net position	\$	11,797,348	\$	13,418,020	\$	18,027,163	\$	18,578,672	\$	17,761,217	\$	14,172,131	\$	11,688,368	\$	6,853,999	\$	5,444,998	\$	3,678,711
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	5,807,997	\$	5,100,696	\$	7,554,749	\$	7,532,452	\$	7,440,803	\$	7,463,759	\$	12,298,174	\$	11,905,504	\$	9,993,975	\$	10,385,111
Restricted		1,145,649		1,146,085		3,433,373		4,243,140		3,033,885		2,455,231		-		-		-		925,910
Unrestricted		2,892,122		4,799,482		7,389,390		6,251,143	_	5,473,100	_	5,180,074		255,748		(532,061)	_	824,012		964,801
Total business-type activities	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
net position	\$	9,845,768	\$	11,046,263	\$	18,377,512	\$	18,026,735	\$	15,947,788	\$	15,099,064	\$	12,553,922	\$	11,373,443	\$	10,817,987	\$	12,275,822
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	10,295,165	\$	10,822,668	\$	16,738,199	\$	16,027,364	\$	15,129,868	\$	12,589,651	\$	16,648,341	\$	14,204,114	\$	12,357,288	\$	12,431,348
Restricted		2,776,097		2,988,125		15,868,566		15,101,896		12,313,444		9,322,310		4,645,673		857,484		1,478,182		2,660,842
Unrestricted		8,571,854		10,653,490		3,797,910		5,476,147		6,265,693		7,359,234		2,948,276		3,165,844		2,427,515		862,343
Total primary government																				<u> </u>
net position	\$	21,643,116	\$	24,464,283	\$	36,404,675	\$	36,605,407	\$	33,709,005	\$	29,271,195	\$	24,242,290	\$	18,227,442	\$	16,262,985	\$	15,954,533

As originally reported (not adjusted for the prior period adjustments made in 2006)

During the 2006 fiscal year, the City fully adopted GASB 34 and capitalized all of the City's infrastructure added in prior years.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

							Fisc	al Y	ear		Fiscal Year														
	2004 ⁽¹⁾		2005 ⁽¹⁾		2006	2007	2008		2009	2010		2011		2012		2013									
Expenses:																									
Primary government:																									
Governmental activities:																									
General government	\$ 1,454,383	\$	1,486,998	\$	1,586,286	\$ 1,896,652	\$ 2,165,072	\$		\$ 2,490,131	\$	2,197,152	\$	2,211,266	\$	2,470,084									
Judicial	430,851		478,390		279,394	395,447	451,217		421,864	426,544		467,691		468,800		452,295									
Public safety	5,091,520		5,325,722		6,573,796	8,113,227	9,213,893		9,373,021	9,806,401		10,127,843		10,193,857		9,865,376									
Public works	1,089,360		1,228,562		2,149,122	2,631,811	3,691,120		5,679,502	3,034,056		4,906,720		2,818,491		1,766,343									
Community services	74,427		47,716		299,189	353,510	282,661		107,786	-		-		-		-									
Parks and recreation	-		-		-	-	164,471		207,907	330,248		443,054		447,059		495,841									
Economic development	495,585		567,832		548,170	635,796	578,176		551,982	932,850		643,677		815,159		832,622									
Interest on long-term debt	451,112		418,919		539,374	892,492	902,731		875,728	839,703		665,503		666,233		591,502									
Total governmental																									
activities expenses	 9,087,238		9,554,139	_	11,975,331	 14,918,935	 17,449,341		19,226,805	 17,859,933		19,451,640		17,620,865		16,474,063									
Business-type activities:																									
Water and sewerage	3,083,528		3,395,733		4,112,854	4,540,370	5,152,911		5,954,684	6,551,474		5,961,017		6,651,946		6,690,719									
Sanitation	821,635		924,116		963,011	1,222,409	1,148,749		1,191,681	700,470		677,006		763,164		736,123									
Stormwater	-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		55,470									
Criminal justice management	3,518,997		3,711,314		4,019,486	3,737,236	3,791,596		3,813,337	3,568,864		2,889,058		3,387,775		2,372,405									
Total business-type										 		, ,				, ,									
activities expenses	 7,424,160		8,031,163		9,095,351	 9,500,015	 10,093,256		10,959,702	 10,820,808		9,527,081		10,802,885		9,854,717									
Total primary government																									
expenses	16,511,398		17,585,302		21,070,682	24,418,950	27,542,597		30,186,507	 28,680,741		28,978,721		28,423,750		26,328,780									
Program revenues:																									
Primary government:																									
Governmental activities:																									
Charges for services																									
General government	2,079,792		2,108,715		1,562,344	1,766,705	1,897,836		1,548,023	1,714,518		1,472,105		1,479,642		1,745,430									
Judicial	-		-		-	115,294	87,276		155,137	158,576		128,438		137,908		130,030									
Public safety	1,728,477		2,160,122		1,768,112	1,965,852	1,934,062		1,929,612	2,009,280		1,856,768		1,757,157		1,413,518									
Public works	-		-		10,580	1,535	-		-	-		-		-		-									
Community services	6,794		7,233		11,912	17,898	6,441		1,880	-		-		_		-									
Parks and recreation	· -		· -		´ -	· -	· -		· -	10,053		58,992		69,132		66,116									
Economic development	-		-		25,101	21,090	19,980		8,924	8,917		9,585		6,425		8,790									
Operating grants and					, -	,	,		•	•		,		, -		,									
contributions	568,118		381,376		489,296	677,817	658,445		1,449,588	533,300		495,636		778,084		501,184									
Capital grants and	,		,		,	- ,	,		, -,	,		,		-,		,									
contributions	167,112		282,940		-	-	-		110,000	50,000		98,986		461,879		270,551									
Total governmental activities	 *	_					 	-		 				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·											
program revenues	\$ 4,550,293	\$	4,940,386	\$	3,867,345	\$ 4,566,191	\$ 4,604,040	\$	5,203,164	\$ 4,484,644	\$	4,120,510	\$	4,690,227	\$	4,135,619									

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

									Fisc	al Y	'ear							
		2004 ⁽¹⁾	_	2005 ⁽¹⁾	 2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012	2013
Business-type activities: Charges for services Capital grants and contributions	\$	8,294,651	\$	8,983,030	\$ 10,332,602	\$	9,736,147	\$	8,800,053	\$	9,961,600	\$	8,242,375	\$	8,750,735	\$	10,664,099	\$ 9,733,232
Total business-type activities program revenues		8,294,651		8,983,030	10,332,602		9,736,147		8,800,053		9,961,600	_	8,242,375	_	8,750,735		10,664,099	11,429,326
Total primary government program revenues		12,844,944	_	13,923,416	14,199,947		14,302,338		13,404,093		15,164,764		12,727,019		12,871,245		15,354,326	 15,564,945
Net (expense)/ revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government net expense	_	(4,536,945) 870,491 (3,666,454)		(4,613,753) 951,867 (3,661,886)	 (8,107,986) 1,237,251 (6,870,735)		(10,352,744) 236,132 (10,116,612)	_	(12,845,301) (1,293,203) (14,138,504)		(14,023,641) (998,102) (15,021,743)		(13,375,289) (2,578,433) (15,953,722)		(15,331,130) (776,346) (16,107,476)		(12,930,638) (138,786) (13,069,424)	(12,338,444) 1,574,609 (10,763,835)
General revenues and other changes in net position: Primary government: Governmental activities	_	,		,	,				,						,		,	,
Property taxes Sales taxes		2,088,859 2,502,676		2,296,501 2,635,527	2,774,299 3,003,672		3,997,330 3.096.471		5,464,985 3,065,531		5,667,102 2,628,353		5,891,035 2,825,733		5,314,492 2,753,242		5,608,053 3,010,345	5,619,122 3.015.388
Insurance premium tax Alcoholic beverage taxes		150,480		168,449	582,020 9,141		608,939		635,191 10,595		650,407 4,117		644,340 4,860		625,579 11,754		912,568 17,208	969,300 19,393
Other taxes Franchise taxes Unrestricted investment		395,575 598,926		608,192 431,830	751,546 341,985		283,902 835,288		305,218 852,477		323,516 931,025		275,659 1,165,361		229,639 1,110,159		311,868 1,206,596	341,579 1,158,518
earnings Transfers		130,253 (426,706)		194,878 (100,952)	 358,492 545,981		1,190,977 857,539		693,849 1,000,000		230,035		84,538		25,896 426,000		15,999 439,000	 5,954 (157,492)
Total governmental activities general revenues and other changes in net position		5,440,063	_	6,234,425	8,367,136		10,904,253		12,027,846		10,434,555		10,891,526		10,496,761		11,521,637	 10,971,762
Business-type activities Unrestricted investment earnings Transfers		165,037 426,706	· · <u></u>	147,676 100,952	 229,661 (545,981)	· · <u></u>	270,630 (857,539)		214,256 (1,000,000)		149,378	· · <u></u>	33,291 -	· · <u></u>	21,867 (426,000)	- · <u></u>	22,330 (439,000)	5,320 157,492
Total business-type activities general revenues and other changes in net position	\$	591,743	\$	248,628	\$ (316,320)	\$	(586,909)	\$	(785,744)	\$	149,378	\$	33,291	\$	(404,133)	\$	(416,670)	\$ 162,812

(Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisc	al Y	ear				
	2004 (1)	 2005 ⁽¹⁾	 2006	 2007	 2008		2009	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 903,118 1,462,234	\$ 1,620,672 1,200,495	\$ 259,150 920,931	\$ 551,509 (350,777)	\$ (817,455) (2,078,947)	\$	(3,589,086) (848,724)	\$ (2,483,763) (2,545,142)	\$ (4,834,369) (1,180,479)	\$ (1,409,001) (555,456)	\$ (1,366,682) 1,737,421
Total primary government change in net position	\$ 2,365,352	\$ 2,821,167	\$ 1,180,081	\$ 200,732	\$ (2,896,402)	\$	(4,437,810)	\$ (5,028,905)	\$ (6,014,848)	\$ (1,964,457)	\$ 370,739

⁽¹⁾ As originally reported (not adjusted for the prior period adjustments made in 2006)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

										Fisca	al Ye	ar								
		2004		2005		2006 ⁽¹⁾		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
General Fund	•		•		•		•	=====	•		•		•		•		•		•	
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	/	\$	400,724	\$	284,974	\$	1,753,827	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		6,097,037		6,623,261		6,895,673		7,389,748		8,151,735		7,146,163		4,050,270						-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		3,340,966		1,069,319		294,883
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		.				.
Unassigned	_		_				_				_		_		_	366,464	_	779,072	_	659,313
Total general fund	\$	6,097,037	\$	6,623,261	\$	7,104,116	\$	7,926,139	\$	8,552,459	\$	7,431,137	\$	5,804,097	\$	3,707,430	\$	1,848,391	\$	954,196
All Other Governmental Funds																				
Reserved	\$	1.630.448	\$	1,842,040	\$	12,435,193	\$	10,858,756	\$	9,279,559	\$	6,867,079	\$	4,302,707	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Unreserved, reported in:	•	,,	,	,- ,-	•	,,	•	-,,	•	-, -,	,	-,,	•	, , -	•		•		•	
Special revenue funds		252,803		380,022		431,292		699,296		1,026,311		1,304,291		996,461		-		-		-
Capital projects funds		234,181		253,263		250,133		167,464		(7,697)		(7,344)		20,259		-		-		-
Debt service funds		, <u> </u>		· -		1,556,705		1,604,255		860,914		859,846		345,518		-		-		-
Nonspendable, reported in:						,,		, ,		,-		,-		,-						
Special revenue funds		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		12,604		-
Capital projects funds		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		-		6,250		-
Restricted, reported in:																		-,		
Special revenue funds		_		-		-		-		_		-		-		510,589		326,324		266,446
Capital projects funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		2,350,414		1,974,957		1,148,622
Debt service funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		346,559		341,615		319,864
Assigned, reported in:																,		,		,
Special revenue funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		239,065		219,307		195,904
Capital projects funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_				_:-,:		,
Unassigned, reported in:																				
Capital projects funds		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		_		(37,592)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	2,117,432	\$	2,475,325	\$	14,673,323	\$	13,329,771	\$	11,159,087	\$	9,023,872	\$	5,664,945	\$	3,446,627	\$	2,881,057	\$	1,893,244

⁽¹⁾ During 2006, the City issued the 2006 General Obligation Bonds in the approximate amount of \$12.6 million. Information prior to 2004 was not readily available.

Note: GASB 54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisc	al Y					
	-	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$	2,088,859	\$ 2,296,501	\$ 2,679,343	\$ 4,028,313	\$ 5,409,449	\$	5,604,176	\$ 5,543,663	\$ 5,673,239	\$ 5,571,360	\$ 5,650,963
Other taxes		2,993,514	3,137,231	3,936,818	4,023,119	4,016,535		3,565,186	3,750,593	3,664,155	4,251,989	4,345,660
Charges for services		358,117	282,780	358,042	529,957	441,496		475,609	509,548	548,195	479,612	471,330
Licenses and permits		1,957,162	2,058,269	1,443,840	1,416,196	1,734,041		1,476,682	1,647,128	1,377,168	1,439,821	1,632,620
Intergovernmental		735,230	664,316	155,765	259,736	209,286		216,189	168,100	223,481	873,332	759,641
Franchise taxes		598,926	608,192	751,546	835,288	852,477		931,025	1,165,361	1,110,159	1,206,596	1,158,518
Fines and forfeitures		1,499,784	1,935,021	1,219,982	1,404,991	1,414,294		1,497,840	1,589,500	1,484,361	1,404,660	1,134,879
Interest revenue		130,253	194,878	358,492	1,190,977	693,849		230,035	84,538	25,896	15,999	5,954
Rental income		-	-	26,760	20,145	18,623		13,500	12,609	13,030	13,785	20,425
Other revenues		55,217	79,709	662,956	935,166	786,300		1,523,344	557,758	474,275	479,017	116,724
Total revenues	\$ 1	0,417,062	\$ 11,256,897	\$ 11,593,544	\$ 14,643,888	\$ 15,576,350	\$	15,533,586	\$ 15,028,798	\$ 14,593,959	\$ 15,736,171	\$ 15,296,714
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government	\$	1,324,726	\$ 1,403,847	\$ 1,485,504	\$ 1,870,450	\$ 2,144,343	\$	1,973,574	\$ 2,573,528	\$ 2,174,146	\$ 2,137,715	\$ 2,050,824
Judicial		351,221	418,229	192,793	311,021	365,858		330,968	342,954	384,047	377,543	360,126
Public safety		4,618,028	4,988,871	6,461,748	8,077,135	9,090,607		8,791,779	9,625,312	9,703,075	9,673,917	9,224,427
Public works		963,576	931,934	1,396,753	1,732,434	2,202,933		1,723,615	1,713,341	1,727,828	1,574,058	1,390,823
Community services		46,761	30,011	203,505	268,184	282,233		107,712	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-	-	-	-	93,949		118,604	245,778	376,373	338,913	368,894
Economic development		472,052	560,355	548,170	633,975	574,168		547,596	932,850	643,677	796,900	817,605
Capital outlay		2,191,464	1,154,661	403,192	1,646,088	1,711,421		4,365,198	2,533,517	4,083,991	1,576,565	1,393,579
Debt service:												
Principal		530,000	365,000	800,000	685,000	750,000		815,000	6,180,687	1,079,492	1,623,662	1,728,241
Interest		445,092	418,920	721,897	798,669	905,202		870,077	856,817	662,315	660,550	617,203
Bond issuance costs		-	-	-	-	-		-	176,033	-	-	-
Total expenditures	1	0,942,920	 10,271,828	 12,213,562	 16,022,956	 18,120,714		19,644,123	 25,180,817	 20,834,944	 18,759,823	 17,951,722
Excess (deficiency)	-		•	 	 				 		 	
of revenues over												
(under) expenditures		(525,858)	985,069	(620,018)	(1,379,068)	(2.544.364)		(4,110,537)	(10,152,019)	(6,240,985)	(3.023.652)	(2,655,008)

(Continued)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisc	al Y	'ear				
	 2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Other Financing										,	
Sources (Uses)											
Bond issuance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,575,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,065,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Premium on bonds	-	-	68,794	-	-		-	101,052	-	-	-
Capital lease	-	-	-	-	-		854,000	-	1,500,000	160,043	-
Transfers in	1,332,301	1,358,336	1,422,251	3,423,097	3,799,426		1,842,574	6,406,225	2,656,524	2,954,516	3,174,200
Transfers out	(1,759,007)	(1,459,288)	(876,270)	(2,565,558)	(2,799,426)		(1,842,574)	(6,406,225)	(2,230,524)	(2,515,516)	(2,401,200)
Total other financing	 										
sources (uses)	(426,706)	(100,952)	13,189,775	857,539	1,000,000		854,000	5,166,052	1,926,000	599,043	773,000
	 		<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (952,564)	\$ 884,117	\$ 12,569,757	\$ (521,529)	\$ (1,544,364)	\$	(3,256,537)	\$ (4,985,967)	\$ (4,314,985)	\$ (2,424,609)	\$ (1,882,008)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital											
expenditures	 11.0%	8.5%	 12.6%	 10.2%	9.7%		9.0%	30.1%	 8.9%	12.9%	13.9%

Information prior to 2004 was not readily available.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real F	Prope	rty	Persona	al Pro	perty	Pu	Privately Owned blic Utilities		Total F	Prope	rty		Assessed
Tax Year	 Residential Property		Commercial Property (1)	Property (2)		Motor /ehicles (3)		Assessed Value	_	Total Taxable Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Value as a % of Actual Value
2004	\$ 229,874,380	\$	N/A	\$ 29,289,050	\$	-	\$	3,448,044	\$	262,611,474	\$	656,528,685	7.50	40%
2005	270,471,183		N/A	49,282,592		-		3,729,731		323,483,506		808,708,766	7.50	40%
2006	193,849,900		185,308,550	26,629,374		19,879,560		4,082,787		429,750,171		1,074,375,428	9.50	40%
2007	249,023,200		272,065,280	30,956,210		23,311,420		4,923,367		580,279,477		1,450,698,693	9.50	40%
2008	265,518,110		271,062,580	35,067,121		26,254,620		5,107,421		603,009,852		1,507,524,630	9.50	40%
2009	253,414,770		282,392,890	30,541,970		27,390,550		5,570,295		599,310,475		1,498,276,188	9.50	40%
2010	219,058,430		260,266,010	24,496,587		27,643,090		5,516,443		536,980,560		1,342,451,400	9.50	40%
2011	173,847,240		261,796,790	55,138,458		25,604,340		5,532,947		521,919,775		1,304,799,438	10.24	40%
2012	239,032,283		212,541,870	50,036,827		26,687,160		6,754,886		535,053,026		1,337,632,565	10.60	40%
2013	220,230,269		202,201,910	37,947,433		27,653,800		6,905,395		494,938,807		1,237,347,018	15.60	40%

Source: Fulton County Tax Assessor

⁽¹⁾ The assessed values for commercial property for fiscal years 2004 to 2005 are included with the residential property.

⁽²⁾ Fiscal years 2004 and 2005 include the motor vehicle personal property assessed values.
(3) Information not available for fiscal years 2004 and 2005; these values are included in the Personal Property figures.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN TAX DIGEST YEARS (Rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

		Direct Rates			Overlapping R	ates	Total
_		ity of Union Ci	ty			_	Direct and
Tax	Operating	Debt		State of	Fulton	County	Overlapping
Digest Year	Millage	Service	Total	Georgia	County	School System	Millage Rates
2004	4.500	3.000	7.500	0.25	16.38	17.61	41.74
2005	4.500	3.000	7.500	0.25	16.38	18.11	42.24
2006	4.500	5.000	9.500	0.25	21.81	18.11	49.67
2007	4.500	5.000	9.500	0.25	20.55	18.09	48.39
2008	4.500	5.000	9.500	0.25	10.28	17.50	37.53
2009	7.508	1.992	9.500	0.25	10.28	17.50	37.53
2010	7.650	1.850	9.500	0.25	10.28	18.50	38.53
2011	8.165	2.073	10.238	0.25	10.55	18.50	39.54
2012	8.331	2.268	10.599	0.20	10.55	18.50	39.85
2013	13.178	2.420	15.598	0.15	10.48	18.50	44.73

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Total	 Collected v			 Total Collecti	ions to Date	
Year Ended August 31,	- '	axes Levied for the Fiscal Year	 Amount	Percentage of Levy	 ollected in obsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	 tal Taxes tstanding
2004	\$	2,106,648	\$ 1,657,141	78.66%	\$ 436,920	\$ 2,094,061	99.40%	\$ 12,587
2005		2,393,844	1,968,188	82.22%	405,430	2,373,618	99.16%	20,226
2006		3,475,621	2,783,294	80.08%	671,714	3,455,008	99.41%	20,613
2007		5,081,813	4,065,772	80.01%	990,828	5,056,600	99.50%	25,213
2008		5,059,894	4,877,918	96.40%	165,637	5,043,555	99.68%	16,339
2009		5,369,912	5,048,824	94.02%	290,978	5,339,802	99.44%	30,110
2010		5,316,893	4,803,669	90.35%	436,356	5,240,025	98.55%	76,868
2011		4,759,160	4,533,053	95.25%	183,769	4,716,822	99.11%	42,338
2012		5,102,178	4,797,313	94.02%	115,423	4,912,736	96.29%	189,442
2013		5,351,680	5,235,029	97.82%	-	5,235,029	97.82%	116,651

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2013			2004	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Development Authority of Fulton County	\$ 48,901,060	1	9.88%			
Wal Mart Stores	8,671,790	2	1.75%			
Pancal Goodson 5 LLC	7,800,000	3	1.58%			
Costco Wholesale Corporation	7,619,950	4	1.54%			
AEW LT Hunter Road LLC	7,367,260	5	1.49%			
South Fulton Parkway LLC	7,078,320	6	1.43%			
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance	6,753,520	7	1.36%			
General Electric Credit Equities	6,436,300	8	1.30%			
GE Energy Parts, Inc.	6,140,240	9	1.24%			
Wyndsor Forest Apartments LLC	5,566,450	10	1.12%			
C. F. South Park LP				\$ 6,390,440	1	2.20%
Wyndsor Forest Apartments LLC				4,852,620	2	1.67%
BRA Ltd. (Shannon Lake Apartments)				3,961,850	3	1.36%
Claborn DL				3,974,080	4	1.37%
Shannon Creste Apartments				2,621,400	5	0.90%
Summner Glen Associates				2,610,520	6	0.90%
Mid America Capital Partners				2,623,640	7	0.90%
WDOP Sub 1 LP				2,657,130	8	0.91%
Hidden Lake Ltd.				2,424,250	9	0.83%
Germania Property Investor				2,340,480	10	0.80%
	\$ 112,334,890		22.70%	\$ 34,456,410		11.85%

Note: Information for 2004 not readily available.

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		(Governmenta	l Ac	tivities			Percentage of Estimated			siness-Type Activities		Percentage of Estimated			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		ertificates of articipation	_	Capital Lease		otes rable	Actual Value of Taxable Property	_ <u>P</u>	er Capita	 Water Revenue Bonds	otal Primary Government	Actual Value of Taxable Property	Percentage of Personal Income	Pe	er Capita
2004	\$ 3,200,000	\$	4,885,000	\$	_	\$	-	1.23%	\$	480.56	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 15,085,000	2.30%	5.21%	\$	896.64
2005	3,015,000		4,705,000		-		-	0.95%		468.56	6,645,000	14,365,000	1.78%	4.52%		871.87
2006	15,385,000		4,110,000		-		-	1.81%		1,083.12	6,270,000	25,765,000	2.40%	7.41%		1,431.47
2007	14,845,000		3,965,000		-		-	1.30%		1,009.34	5,880,000	24,690,000	1.70%	6.86%		1,324.86
2008	14,275,000		3,785,000		-		-	1.20%		1,076.86	5,470,000	23,530,000	1.56%	7.27%		1,403.02
2009	13,665,000		3,580,000		854,000		-	1.21%		1,067.10	5,040,000	23,139,000	1.54%	7.07%		1,364.25
2010	12,900,000		3,310,000		773,313		-	1.27%		1,001.32	-	16,983,313	1.27%	5.30%		1,001.32
2011	12,190,000		3,015,000		2,198,821		-	1.33%		894.52	-	17,403,821	1.33%	4.74%		894.52
2012	11,470,000		2,730,000		1,628,305	1	1,897	1.19%		793.87	11,275,000	27,215,202	2.03%	7.35%		1,355.41
2013	10,715,000		2,410,000		1,049,170	(88,464	1.15%		693.27	10,840,000	25,052,634	2.02%	6.64%		1,222.02

Information prior to 2004 was not readily available.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	l Year				
	2003	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt Limit	\$ 26,261,147	\$ 32,348,351 \$	32,383,825 \$	57,582,113	\$ 60,300,985	\$ 59,931,048	\$ 53,698,056	\$ 52,191,978	\$ 56,858,181	\$ 49,493,881
Total net debt applicable to limit	8,085,000	7,720,000	19,495,000	17,196,729	17,199,086	16,383,154	15,048,433	14,412,583	13,413,324	12,774,136
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 18,176,147	\$ 24,628,351 \$	12,888,825 \$	40,385,384	\$ 43,101,899	\$ 43,547,894	\$ 38,649,623	\$ 37,779,395	\$ 43,444,857	\$ 36,719,745
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	30.79%	23.87%	60.20%	29.86%	28.52%	27.34%	28.02%	27.61%	23.59%	25.81%
			limit: on bonds and certi							\$ 494,938,807 49,493,881 13,125,000
		Less: Amount se Total net debt ap Legal debt margin		ent of general o	bligation debt					(350,864) 12,774,136 \$ 36,719,745

NOTE: Under state finance law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying the general obligation bonds.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF AUGUST 31, 2013

Jurisdiction	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable ^(a)	Amount Applicable to the City of Union City
Fulton County, Georgia- Overlapping Debt			
Certificates of Participation	\$ 96,120,000	0.97%	\$ 932,364
Building Authority Revenue Bonds	14,725,000	0.97%	142,833
Economic Recovery Zone Bonds	28,736,000	0.97%	278,739
Fulton County School District - Overlapping Debt Subtotal, overlapping debt	118,700,000	0.97%	1,151,390 2,505,326
South Fulton Regional Jail Authority			13,350,000
City of Union City, Georgia - Direct Debt			13,125,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 28,980,326

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the County. Debt outstanding provided by the County (as of December 31, 2012) and City Finance Departments.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the City of Union City. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

⁽a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using the assessed gross digest. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's assessed taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the County's total gross digest.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	 Utility Service Charges	Less: Operating Expenses	 Net Available Revenue	 Principal		Interest	Coverage
2006	\$ 4,880,211	\$ 3,348,502	\$ 1,531,709	\$ 500,000	\$	465,955	1.59
2007	4,478,241	3,595,272	882,969	390,000		319,810	1.24
2008	4,219,013	3,411,018	807,995	410,000		300,832	1.14
2009	4,889,828	4,264,770	625,058	-		345,163	1.81
2010	4,952,379	5,026,404	(74,025)	5,040,000	(1)	168,114	(0.01)
2011	5,560,899	4,443,345	1,117,554	-		-	-
2012	6,708,111	4,532,630	2,175,481	-		77,637 (2)	28.02
2013	6,511,407	4,473,675	2,037,732	435,000		358,325	2.57

⁽¹⁾ Bonds were paid off in 2010

NOTES:

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Utility service charges include tap fees, but exclude interest.

Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expense.

Information prior to 2006 was not readily available.

^{(2) 2012} Series Bond issued during FY 2012

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽¹⁾	Unemployment Rate ⁽²⁾	School Enrollment ⁽³⁾
2004	16,824	289,507,392	17,208	32.2	4.80%	1,252
2005	16,476	318,102,132	19,307	32.2	5.40%	1,566
2006	17,999	347,506,693	19,307	32.2	4.70%	1,320
2007	18,636	359,805,252	19,307	32.2	5.10%	1,294
2008	16,771	323,797,697	19,307	32.2	7.60%	1,269
2009	16,961	327,466,027	19,307	32.2	10.30%	1,252
2010	16,961	320,155,836	18,876	32.2	10.30%	1,252
2011	19,456	367,251,456	18,876	30.5	8.10%	1,252
2012	20,079	370,457,550	18,450	30.5	8.40%	1,252
2013	20,501	377,525,915	18,415	30.5	8.10%	1,288

Sources:

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) Georgia Department of Labor (3) Clayton County Board of Education

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2013			2004	
Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Kraft Foods/Excel Logistics	388	1	5.46%			
Christian City/UHS Pruitt	329	2	4.63%			
Walmart	318	3	4.48%			
Dendreon Manufacturing, LLC	250	4	3.52%	165	5	3.59%
Toyota of Union City	220	5	3.10%			
Nissan of Union City	200	6	2.82%			
Kroger	182	7	2.56%	115	7	2.50%
DSC Logistics	137	8	1.93%			
Gene Evans Ford	130	9	1.83%	190	3	
Caterpillar	116	10	1.63%	170	4	3.70%
Bill Heard Chevrolet				247	1	5.37%
Sears				200	2	4.35%
Mortensen Woodworking				165	5	3.59%
Cracker Barrell				94	8	2.04%
Steve Rayman Pontiac				94	9	2.04%
Federated Department Stores				89	10	1.93%
Nalley Honda				89	10	1.93%

Source: Union City Business Permit Renewals

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY OF UNION CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function/Program										
General Government										
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	3	3
City Clerk	6	6	6	6	7	7	2	2	2	2
Finance	3	3	6	9	8	10	4	4	4	4
Finance- water and sewer							5	5	6	6
Human Resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
Information Technology	1	1	1	-	=	-	-	1	2	2
Judicial										
Municipal Court	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Health & Welfare										
Leisure Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Housing & Development										
Planning Department	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	2	1
Public Safety										
Police	41	40	48	48	67	61	62	61	61	57
Fire	30	30	33	33	47	48	52	49	51	46
Jail	52	52	52	53	50	48	44	50	42	-
E-911 Communications	10	10	10	10	11	12	10	10	9	10
Public Works										
Building & Grounds	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	3
Code Enforcement	1	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4
Roads & Bridges	11	11	11	11	17	17	20	17	16	12
Water & Sewer	13	13	14	14	12	12	12	10	9	10
Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	6	6
Operations							1	2		
Total	183	183	198	201	242	238	233	231	226	172

Source: Human Resources

Notes: All full-time employees, except fire employees, are scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick). Fire Department employees are scheduled to work 2,750 hours per year (including sick and vacation).

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function										
Fire										
Inspections Conducted	787	6,591	541	547	770	817	720	948	948	998
Police										
Number of Law Violations										
Physical Arrests	1,320	1,985	843	940	1,801	2,742	2,256	2,437	2,437	1,816
Traffic and Parking Violations	9,870	6,591	10,572	12,802	16,089	16,550	12,597	15,006	15,006	8,673
Public Service - Sewerage System										
Daily Average Treatment in Gallons	n/a	n/a	1,741,405	1,731,000	1,740,000	1,500,000	1,663,372	1,553,414	1,553,414	1,922,000
Max. Daily Capacity of Plant in Gallons	n/a	n/a	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,400,000	3,713,000
Service Connections	n/a	n/a	3,893	4,415	4,074	4,500	4,500	4,206	4,206	4,100
Public Service - Streets										
Highway and Streets Resurfacing	n/a	n/a	1	17	18	21	15	17	17	6
Public Service - Water System										
Daily Average Consumption in Gallons	1.30	1.30	1,414,557	1,699,104	1,170,000	1,180,000	1,180,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,110,000
Max. Daily Capacity of Plant in Gallons	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased	Purchased
Service Connections	3,161	3,900	4,209	4,427	4,460	4,500	4,500	4,523	4,523	4,500
Public Service - Sewerage System Daily Average Treatment in Gallons Max. Daily Capacity of Plant in Gallons Service Connections Public Service - Streets Highway and Streets Resurfacing Public Service - Water System Daily Average Consumption in Gallons Max. Daily Capacity of Plant in Gallons	n/a n/a n/a n/a 1.30 Purchased	n/a n/a n/a n/a 1.30 Purchased	1,741,405 2,400,000 3,893 1 1,414,557 Purchased	1,731,000 2,400,000 4,415 17 1,699,104 Purchased	1,740,000 2,400,000 4,074 18 1,170,000 Purchased	1,500,000 2,400,000 4,500 21 1,180,000 Purchased	1,663,372 2,400,000 4,500 15 1,180,000 Purchased	1,553,414 2,400,000 4,206 17 1,200,000 Purchased	1,553,414 2,400,000 4,206 17 1,200,000 Purchased	1,922,000 3,713,000 4,100 6 1,110,000 Purchased

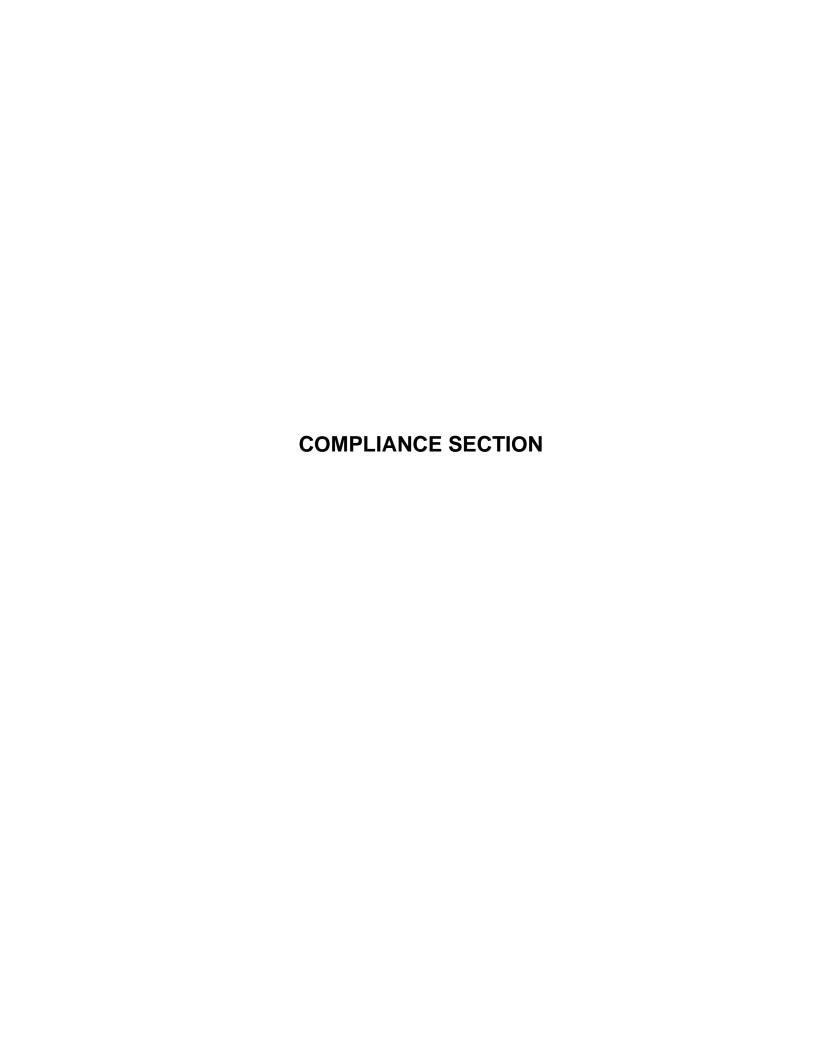
NOTE: Indicators are not available for the general government or culture and recreation functions. **NOTE**: Departments maintain statistical information on a calendar-year basis.

SOURCE: Various City Departments

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Function/Program										
Culture and Recreation										
Park Acreage	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	34	34
Parks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Tennis Courts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Baseball Fields	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	5
Community Centers & Depot	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Fire										
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	26	26	31	30	30	48	48	48	48	48
Patrol Zones	4	5	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5
Public Service - Sewerage System										
Sanitary Sewer (Miles)	62.1	62.1	76.0	76.0	76.0	76.0	79.9	79.9	79.9	79.9
Treatment Plants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Public Service - Streets										
Streets (Miles)	68.3	68.3	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	115.1	115.1	115.1	115.1
Streets (Lights)	691	691	901	912	912	912	912	912	1,068	1,188
Public Service - Water System										
Water Mains (Miles)	61	61	68	68	68	68	69	69	69	68
Number of Fire Hydrants	648	658	565	565	565	796	538	540	540	565

SOURCE: Various City Departments





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Union City, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Union City, Georgia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 28, 2014. Our report includes a reference to the changes in accounting principles resulting from the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position,* as well as Statement No.65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2013-1 to be a material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Union City's Response to Finding

The City of Union City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia February 28, 2014



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Union City, Georgia

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Union City, Georgia's (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2013. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia February 28, 2014 Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant Identification Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
(Passed through Fulton County, Georgia)					
State Administered CDBG Cluster					
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B11UC130003	\$	53,750	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				53,750	
U.S Department of Transportation					
(Passed through Georgia Department of Transportation)					
Livable Centers Initiative	20.205	UP 1210		80,000	
HighPoint Pedestrian Bridge	20.205	CStEE-0008-00(141)		216,801	
Governors Office of Highway Safety	20.610	GA-2013-000-00428		16,000	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				312,801	
U.S Department of Justice					
COPS Hiring Recovery Program	16.710	2011-UM-WX-0047		148,696	
Justice Assistance Grant	16.738	2012-DL-BX-1008		26,387	
Bullet Proof Vest	16.607	N/A		6,358	
Total U.S. Department of Justice				181,441	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	547,992	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Measurement Focus

The determination of when an award is expended is based on when the activity related to the award occurred.

Program Type Determination

Type A programs are defined as federal programs with federal expenditures exceeding the larger of \$300,000 or three percent of total federal expenditures. The threshold of \$300,000 was used in distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs.

Method of Major Program Selection

The risk based approach was used in the selection of federal programs to be tested as major programs. The City did not qualify as a low-risk auditee for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2013.

Amount Provided to Subrecipients

During 2013, the City made no disbursements to subrecipients from federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	X yes no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yesX_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesX_ no
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yes X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	
major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with OMB Circular	
A-133, Section 510(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major program:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
20.205	Livable Centers Initative
20.205	HighPoint Pedestrian Bridge
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2013-1. Management of Capital Assets

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles generally require the reporting of all capital assets at their historical cost, which is written off periodically, or depreciated/amortized, in a systematic and rational manner.

Condition: The City did not properly record the purchase of wastewater capacity in the Water and Sewer Fund as of August 31, 2013.

Context: We addressed this matter with City officials and they were able to determine the amount of the wastewater capacity that should be recorded as an asset within the Water and Sewer Fund as of August 31, 2013.

Effect: An adjustment to decrease operating expenses in the amount of \$6,339,198, increase capital assets in the amount of \$6,374,613 and increase accumulated amortization in the amount of \$35,415 was required to be reported in the Water and Sewer Fund as of August 31, 2013.

Cause: The wastewater capacity purchase was improperly recorded as an expense at August 31, 2013.

Recommendation: We recommend the City strengthen internal controls to ensure all assets are properly recorded and if applicable, depreciated/amortized.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. This was a non-routine transaction that is not expected to occur again for a number of years. We will strengthen controls to ensure that we seek adequate consultation for proper accounting treatment for all material non-routine transactions.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2013

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

2012-1 Procurement Suspension and Debarment

U.S Department of Transportation, Recreational Trails Program, CFDA and

Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

U.S Department of Energy, ARRA Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant

CFDA 81.128

Criteria: Grant requirements state non-Federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or

making sub-awards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred. "Covered transactions" include those procurement contracts for goods and services awarded under a nonprocurement transaction that are expected to equal or exceed \$25,000 or meet certain other specified criteria. 2 CFR section 180.220 of the government-wide nonprocurement debarment and

suspension guidance contains those additional limited circumstances.

Condition: Vendors are required to specifically confirm their exclusion from the database for contracts

funded by federal programs. Additionally, the City may elect to check the Excluded Parties

List System (EPLS).

Response: Resolved

